



## RESULTS PRESENTATION

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014



## KEY FEATURES



REVENUE	OPERATING PROFIT	CORE EPS <sup>1</sup>
+9% <b>R56 234 million</b>	-9% <b>R2 872 million</b>	-14% <b>803 cps</b>
HEPS	INTERIM DIVIDEND PER SHARE <sup>2</sup>	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
-9% <b>759 cps</b>	<b>350 cps</b>	+73% <b>R 1 billion</b>

> ROIC 11.9% vs WACC of 9.1% (target of 4% above WACC through the cycle)

> Net debt:equity ratio of 83% (excl. prefs)

1. Core EPS excludes once-off and non-operational items, mainly: amortisation of intangibles on acquisitions R205m (up R58m); re-measurement of put option liability R17m; foreign exchange gain on inter-group monetary items R104m

2. Historic dividend yield of 3.8% based on a share price of R201.90

# IMPERIAL'S THREE LINES OF MOBILITY



## LOGISTICS



## VEHICLES



## FINANCIAL SERVICES



### REVENUE

↑ +14%  
**R22.9 billion**  
39% contribution

↑ +7%  
**R33.0 billion**  
57% contribution

↑ +6%  
**R2.2 billion**  
4% contribution

### OPERATING PROFIT

↑ +12%  
**R1.2 billion**  
40% contribution






↓ -25%  
**R1.3 billion**  
43% contribution

↓ -6%  
**R0.5 billion**  
17% contribution

# DIVISIONAL STRUCTURE



Manage & report on five divisions based on strategic drivers, management expertise, business models, intra-divisional value creation & geography in three major lines of mobility

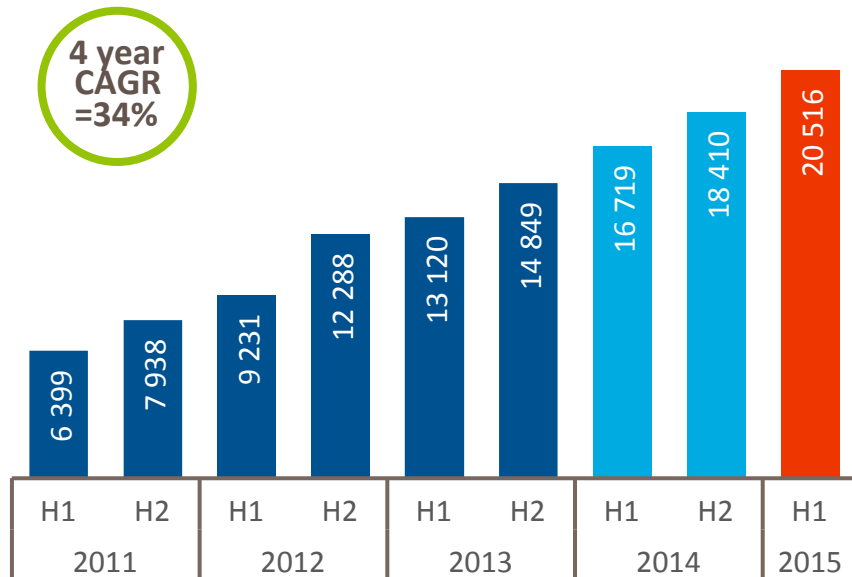
LOGISTICS		VEHICLES		FINANCIAL SERVICES
				
AFRICA (INC. RSA)	INTERNATIONAL	VEHICLE IMPORT, DISTRIBUTION & DEALERSHIPS	VEHICLE RETAIL, RENTAL & AFTERMARKET PARTS	LEVERAGE IMPERIAL'S VEHICLE EXPERTISE & DISTRIBUTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Leading logistics provider across entire supply chain</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Leading positions in inland shipping, industrial contract logistics, chemical contract &amp; bulk logistics, &amp; terminal operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Exclusive importer of 16 automotive &amp; industrial brands</li> <li>&gt; Covers virtually all aspects of the motor value chain, from import to after-sales servicing &amp; parts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Represents most SA OEM passenger &amp; commercial vehicle brands</li> <li>&gt; Vehicle rental</li> <li>&gt; Aftermarket parts</li> <li>&gt; Pre-owned retail outlets</li> <li>&gt; Commercial vehicles in UK</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Mainly motor related insurance &amp; financial products &amp; services</li> <li>&gt; Full maintenance leasing</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <b>23%</b> of group revenue</li> <li>&gt; <b>27%</b> of group operating profit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <b>16%</b> of group revenue</li> <li>&gt; <b>13%</b> of group operating profit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <b>25%</b> of group revenue</li> <li>&gt; <b>16%</b> of group operating profit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <b>32%</b> of group revenue</li> <li>&gt; <b>27%</b> of group operating profit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <b>4%</b> of group revenue</li> <li>&gt; <b>17%</b> of group operating profit</li> </ul>

- > Portfolio performed to expectation in deteriorating trading conditions
- > Revenue growth attributable mainly to acquisitions
- > Group operating profit decline (9% or R294m) comprised:
  - Divisional operating profit increases:
    - **Logistics Africa:** 23% or R152m up to R802m
    - **Vehicle Retail, Rental & Aftermarket Parts:** 7% or R51m up to R798m
  - Divisional operating profit decreases:
    - **Logistics International:** 13% or €4m down to €27m  
(6% or R26m down to R389m)
    - **Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships:** 51% or R473m down to R461m
    - **Financial Services:** 6% or R32m down to R798m
- > Operating profit decline attributable primarily to impact of Rand weakness on **Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships** distributor margins & dealership competitiveness & unit volumes

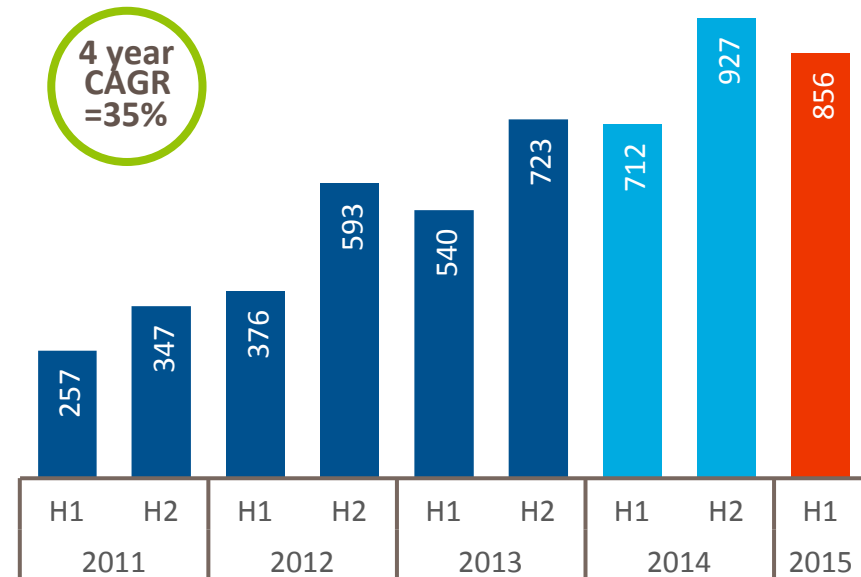
# GROWTH TREND IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)

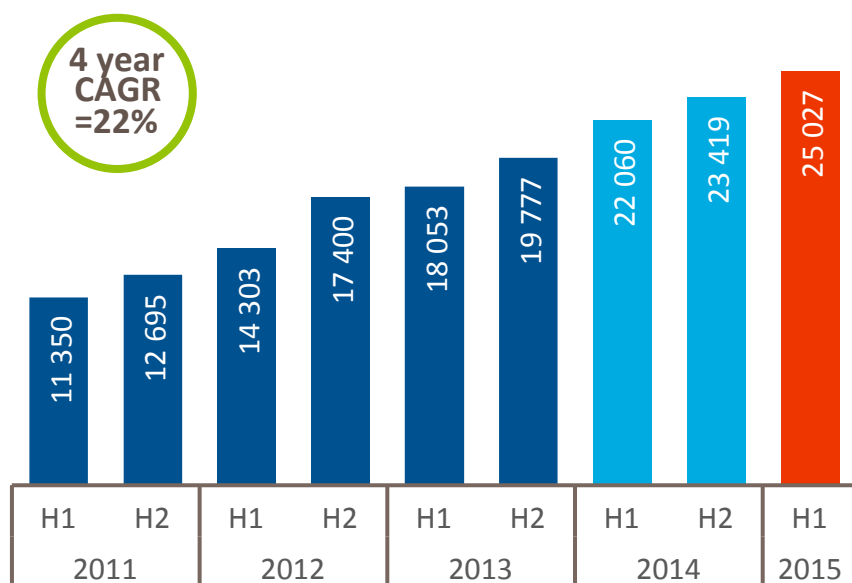


- > Positive growth trend of revenue & operating profit outside South Africa
- > **Foreign operating revenue** up 23% to R21 billion (now 36% of group)
- > **Foreign operating profit** up 20% to R856 million (now 30% of group)
- > Africa ex RSA operating profit up 60% to R383 million (now 13% of group)
- > Strategy to grow further

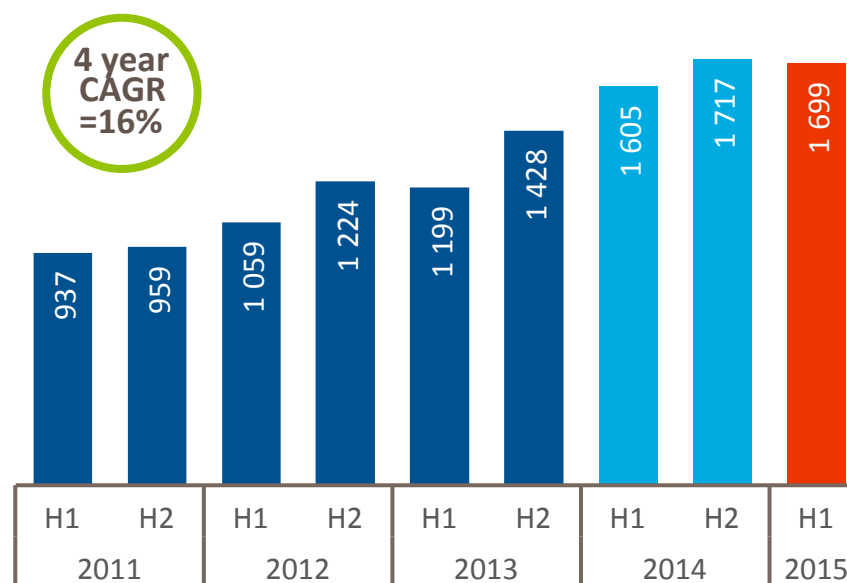
# GROWTH TREND IN NON VEHICLE OPERATIONS



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



- > Positive growth trend of revenue & operating profit in businesses not dependant on new vehicle sales
- > **Non-vehicle revenue** increased 13% to R25 billion (now 45% of group)
- > **Non-vehicle operating profit** increased 6% to R1.7 billion (now 57% of group)
- > Strategy to grow further





- > VUCCA (volatile, uncertain, complex, chaotic, ambiguous) environment; various macro-economic, geo-political & social forces well publicised
- > South Africa
  - low economic growth; underperformance of major trading partners (Europe, China) & lower commodity prices & export growth; constant downward revisions of growth forecasts
  - consumer & business confidence fragile; exacerbated by electricity shortages, labour tensions, further R/\$ weakness
  - conditions generally more challenging than first half of 2014
- > Eurozone recovery tentative (Germany + 0.7% GDP growth in last quarter of 2014)
- > UK slow but steady recovery (0.5% per quarter)
- > Sub-Saharan Africa (ex RSA)
  - generally higher growth off low base
  - terrorism & lower oil price yet to impact our businesses
- > Competitive pressures despite strong market positions in Imperial's 3 lines of mobility



### LOGISTICS AFRICA



#### REVENUE

(including inter-segment revenue)

↑ +22%  
**R13.3 billion**

#### OPERATING PROFIT

↑ +23%  
**R0.8 billion**

Geographies: Three regional hubs – SADC, East Africa, West Africa

South Africa

- > Market: Developed market & infrastructure
- > Industry structure: Sophisticated supply chains & formal routes to market
- > Strategy: Use scale, expertise & technology to provide high value logistics services across entire supply chain in selected industries
  - access to 7 500 vehicles (own 5 500)
  - ±1 million m<sup>2</sup> of warehousing
  - leading edge consulting to market leading counterparties
- > Value proposition: lower total costs & reliability for clients



FREIGHT &  
TRANSPORT



WAREHOUSING  
& STORAGE



DISTRIBUTION  
& FULFILMENT



DEMAND  
MANAGEMENT



INTEGRATION  
SERVICES

## SUPPLY CHAIN OUTSOURCING PARTNER

- > **Ability to reduce client's costs** – consolidation of transport & distribution facilities; economies of scale
- > **Ability to enhance client's competitiveness** – operational expertise & experience; consulting; integration
- > **Specialised operations** – company & industry dedicated specialised transport fleets & warehousing
- > **Extensive regional footprint** – ability to offer innovative solutions for principals (including SA manufacturers) to access point of sale in Africa
- > **End-to-end service offering** – tangible value-add through a fully integrated supply chain

## LEADING LOGISTICS PROVIDER

## OUR KEY CLIENTS



### LOGISTICS AFRICA



#### REVENUE

(including inter-segment revenue)

↑ +22%  
**R13.3 billion**

#### OPERATING PROFIT

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**R0.8 billion**

Geographies: Three regional hubs – SADC, East Africa, West Africa

#### South Africa

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  - leading edge consulting to market leading counterparties
- > Value proposition: lower total costs & reliability for clients

#### Sub-Saharan Africa

- > Market: 950 m emerging consumers
- > Industry structure: Underdeveloped infrastructure & routes to market for principals
- > Strategy: “Land Grab” for footprint & scale; Increase principals & throughput; Consolidate
- > Value proposition: “Get me there; Sell my product; Establish my brand” focused distributorships for FMCG & pharma principals in 10 countries

## West Africa

- > Imperial Health Sciences – pharma logistics, supply chain management, warehousing
- > MDS Logistics – transport, distribution, warehousing (FMCG, pharma, telecoms)
- > Eco Health – distribution, sales, marketing of pharma products
- > Imres – a wholesaler of pharmaceutical & medical supplies

## East Africa

- > Imperial Health Sciences – warehousing & distribution in health & pharma (facilities being expanded in Nairobi)
- > Tanzania & Malawi – FMCG distribution, sales & marketing
- > Imres – a wholesaler of pharmaceutical & medical supplies

## Southern Africa

- > FMCG distribution, sales & marketing
- > Further expansion of facilities
- > Transport operations – cross border, load consolidation, warehouse management, cross border documentation
- > Key corridors across SADC
- > Imres – a wholesaler of pharmaceutical & medical supplies



Imperial Logistics owns facilities

Countries serviced by agents of Imperial Health Sciences



## Acquisition criteria

- > Preferably asset light logistics
- > Earnings accretive
- > Target ROIC = WACC in first year; WACC + 4% (risk adjusted) in medium to long term

## Acquisitions in H1 2015

- > R797m invested to control two pharmaceutical wholesaling & distribution companies, consistent with Imperial's strategic & financial investment criteria
- > Pharmed – 9 July 2014
- > Imres – 1 September 2014

# PHARMED ACQUISITION



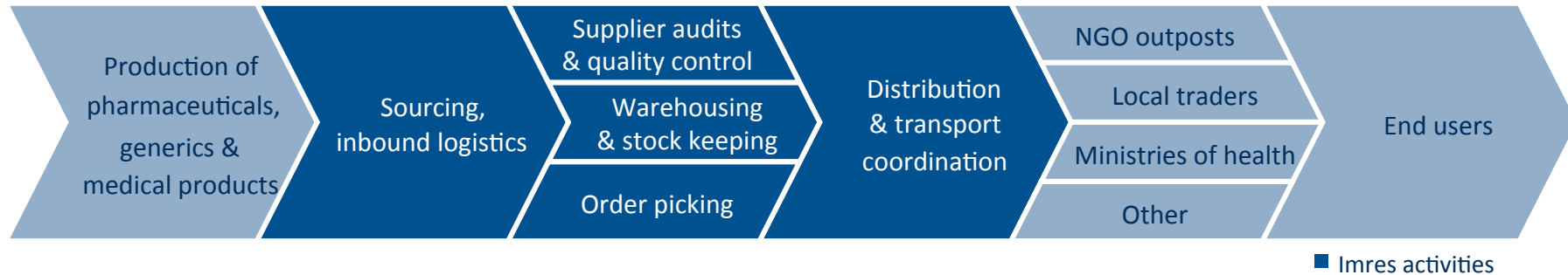
■ Pharmed activities

## OVERVIEW

- > Acquired on 9 July 2014
- > Purchase price – R148m for 62.5% shareholding
- > Durban & Johannesburg based wholesaler of pharmaceuticals
- > Warehouses, distributes & sells to hospitals, private pharmacies & dispensing doctors
- > Annual turnover ~R600m

## RATIONAL

- > Strategically consistent
- > Integrates pharmaceutical wholesaling & distribution into Imperial's logistics business offering
- > Mutually advantageous synergies between Pharmed & Imperial's existing network, capabilities and customer base in South Africa



## OVERVIEW

- > Acquired on 1 September 2014
- > Purchase price – R649m (€46m) for 70% shareholding
- > Netherlands based (Lelystad) wholesaler of broad range medical supplies (generic pharmaceuticals, medical kits, hospital equipment & related medical products)
- > Diversified client base in international medical relief industry, targeting mainly African & emerging countries
- > Annual turnover ~R700m (€50m)

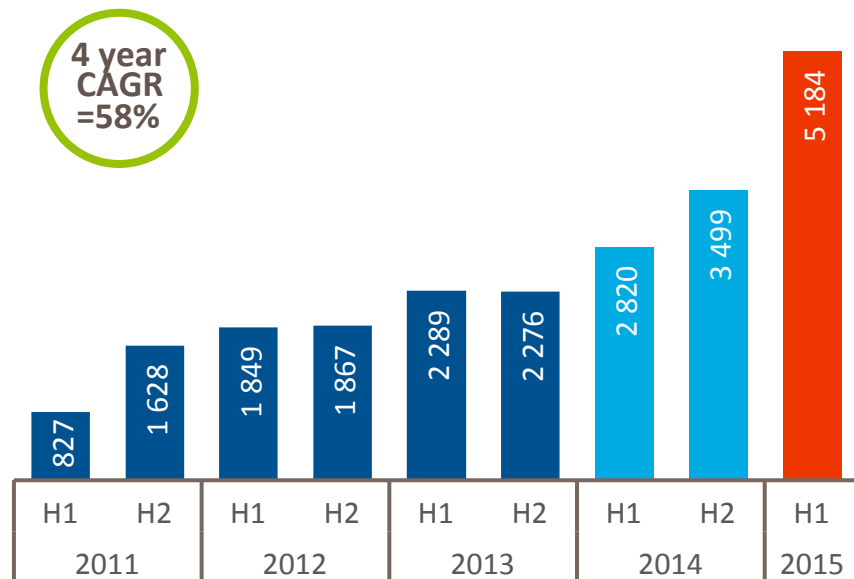
## RATIONAL

- > Strategically consistent
- > Adds sourcing and procurement capabilities to Imperial's service offering
- > Complements recent acquisitions of Imperial Health Sciences, Eco Health & MDS
- > Potential to leverage off Imperial's existing network, capabilities & customer base on the African continent

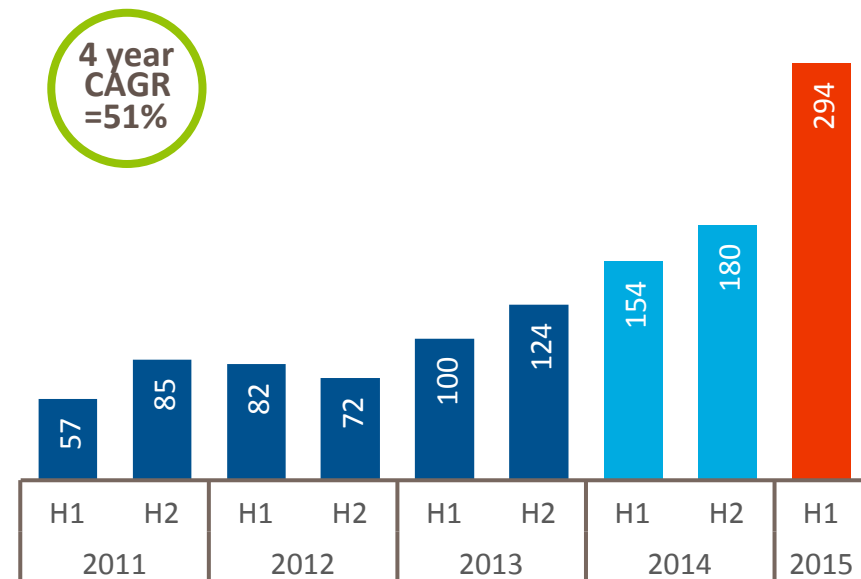
# GROWTH TREND LOGISTICS AFRICA EX RSA



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)

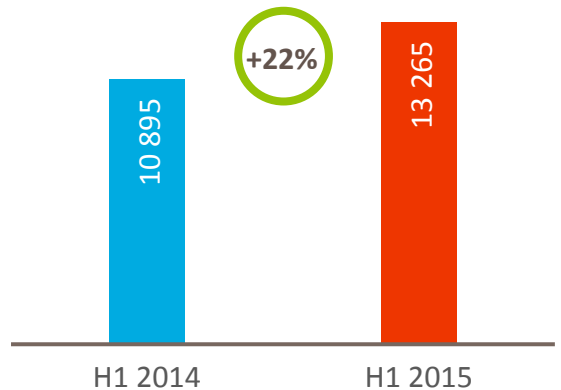


- > Turnover & operating profit grew by 84% & 91% on H1 2014 respectively, mainly due to the acquisitions of Ecohealth & Imres (not included in H1 2014)
- > Contributed 37% to Logistics Africa operating profit (10% of Group)

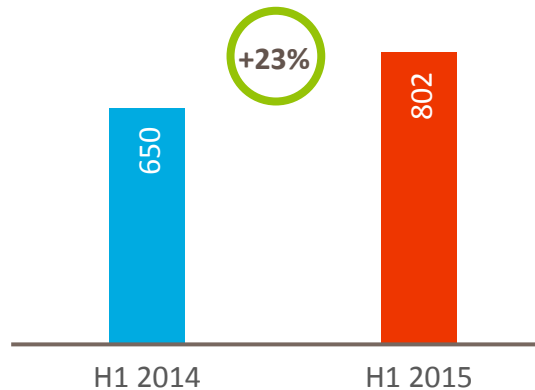
# 2015 LOGISTICS AFRICA



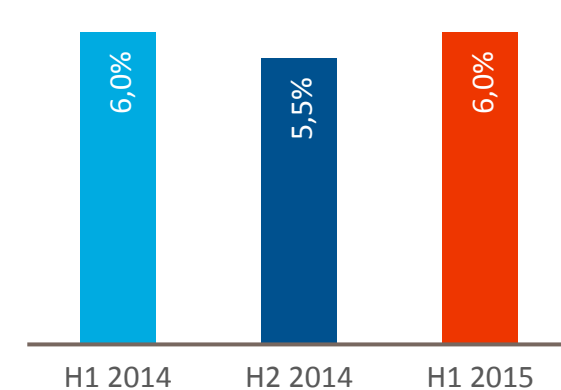
Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



Operating margins  
(%)

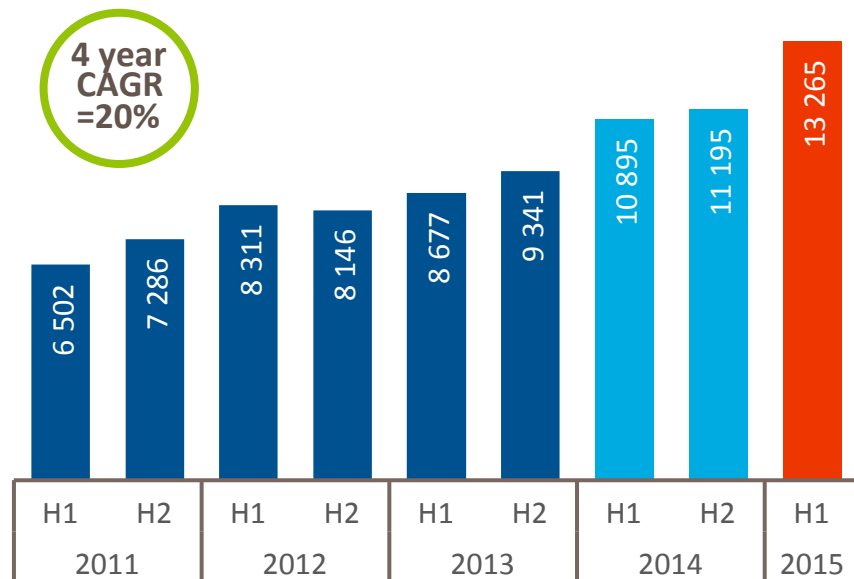


- > Delivered strong revenue & operating profit growth in difficult environment
- > Subdued & declining volumes in most sectors served in South Africa but more positive trends in the rest of Africa
- > Recent acquisitions & contract gains contributed to revenue growth
- > Tight expense & asset management & Imperial Cold Logistics turnaround contributed to operating profit growth
- > Revenue & operating margins from industrial logistics businesses (mining & Eskom) under pressure
- > **Guidance: real growth of revenues with operating profit growing at a higher rate for FY 2015**

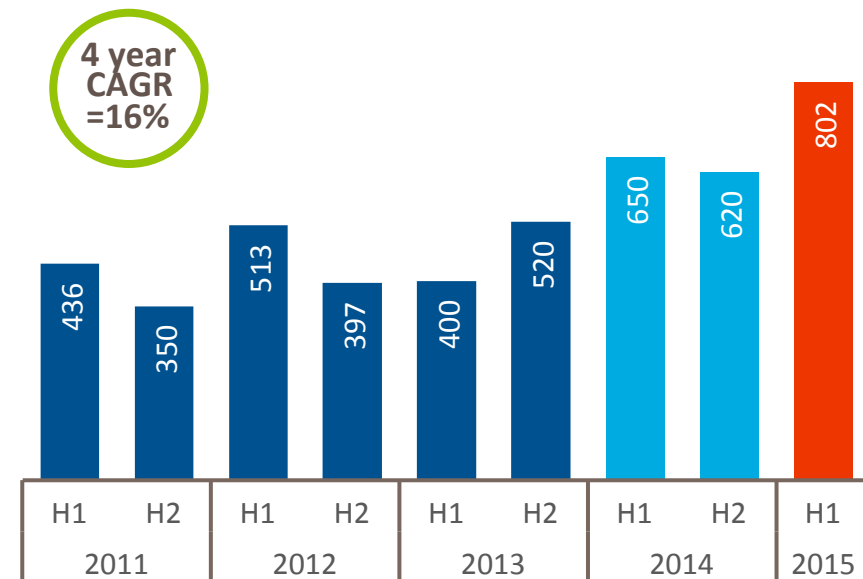
# GROWTH TREND LOGISTICS AFRICA



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



**Key organic & acquisitive growth vector for Imperial**  
**– conscious of obligation to achieve risk adjusted returns**

### LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL

Europe: (mainly Germany): Netherlands, Sweden, Luxemburg, Belgium, Poland, Austria, USA, significant contract in South America



**REVENUE**  
(including inter-segment revenue)

↑ +5%  
**R9.6 billion**

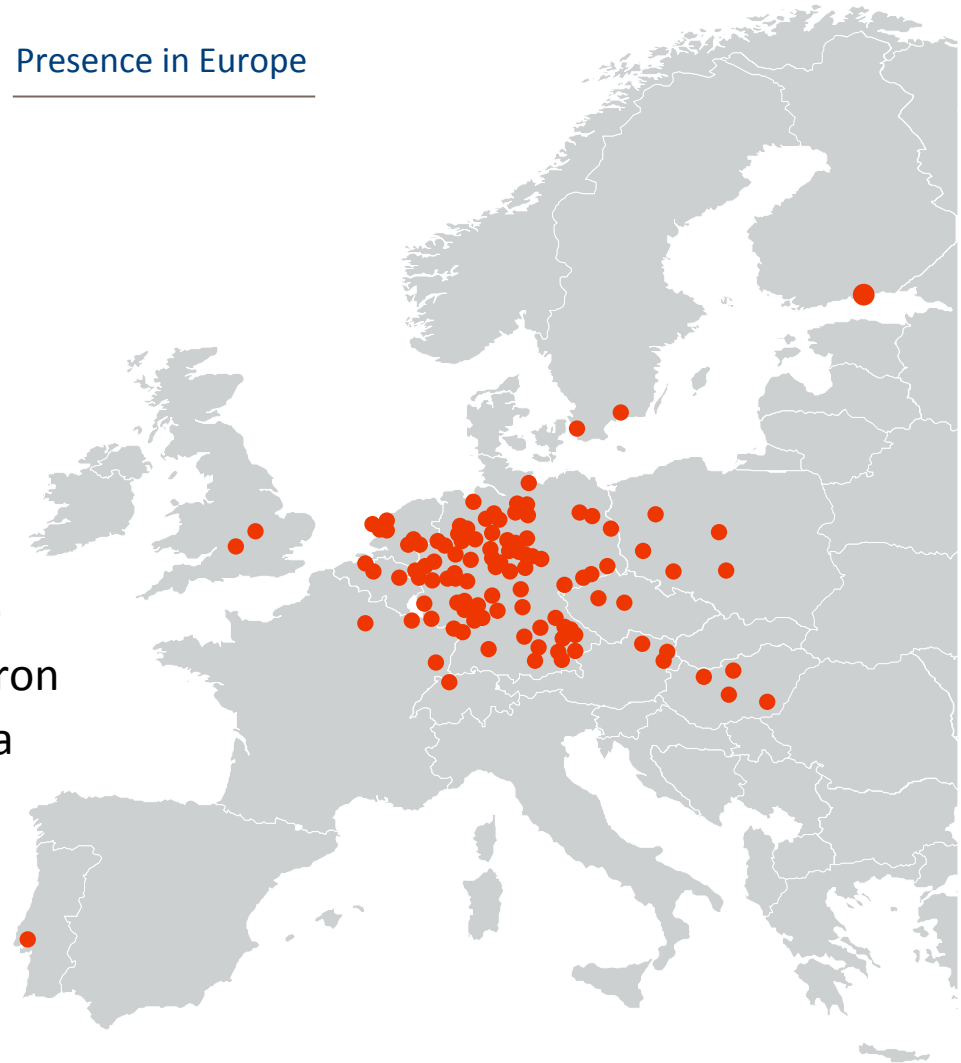
**OPERATING  
PROFIT**

↓ -6%  
**R0.4 billion**

- > Market: €650bn in Imperial International sectors (IPL ranked 8<sup>th</sup>)
- > Industry structure: Highly developed infrastructure; fragmented, process & technology driven clients & competition
- > Strategy: Extend logistics expertise in automotive, steel, aluminium, paper & chemicals to other industries
- > Value proposition: “One Face Logistics Solutions” for leading manufacturers through integrating current capabilities & following clients to new markets
- > Assets:
  - operate ~700 inland vessels (own 241 vessels)
  - 2 million m<sup>2</sup> of storage capacity (including 20 hazardous goods warehouses)
  - 100 million tonnes handled per year
  - world class expertise in auto & chemical contract logistics
  - established relationships with world leaders: Mercedes, BMW, Volkswagen, Bayer, BASF

## Presence in Europe

- > Germany is the base
- > Strategy to follow customers/products to new markets
- > Recently entered the South American inland shipping market
  - profitable 10 year contract
  - 4 convoys (4 push boats and 48 barges) operating on Rio Parana, transporting iron ore from Brazil to steel mill in Argentina

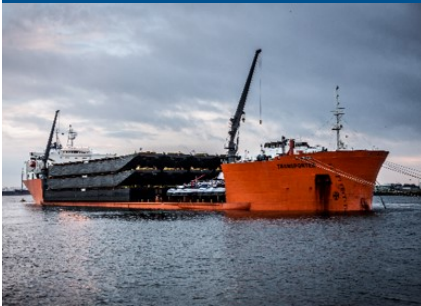




# LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL SUB-DIVISIONS



## INLAND SHIPPING



- > Leading inland shipping company in Europe
- > Transport iron ore, coal, gas, liquid bulk

## PANOPA



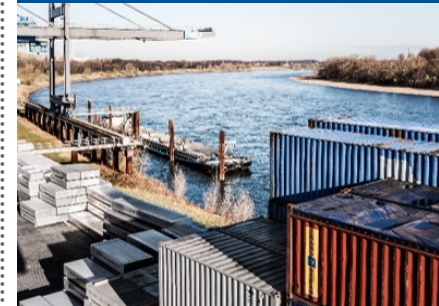
- > Contract Logistics
  - automotive
  - machinery & equipment
  - steel
  - logistics & services

## LEHNKERING



- > Logistics services & contract manufacturing (synthesis/formulation) for the chemical industry

## NESKA



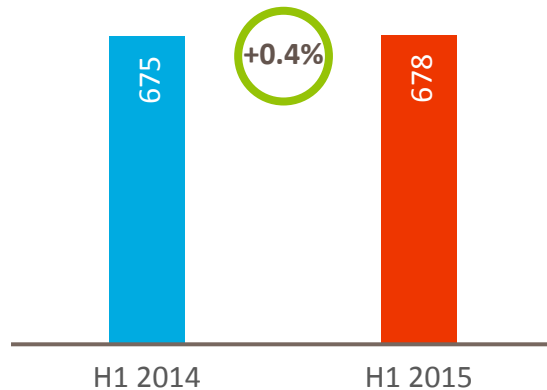
- > Leading player in inland terminal operations

- > Ability to service complex niche areas of logistics, such as chemicals & automotive parts
- > Expertise & quality assets in inland shipping in Europe: platform to duplicate our offering in new markets in Eastern Europe & South America
- > Leading positions at critical chokepoints in German economic sectors (steel, chemicals, automotive, spare parts & paper)

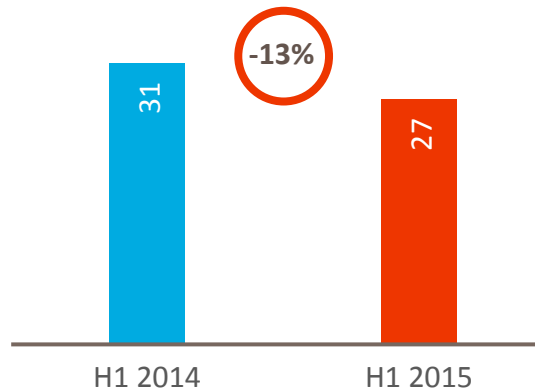
## 2015 LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL (EURO)



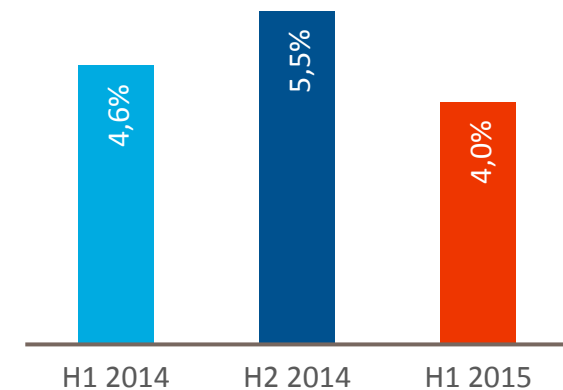
Revenue  
(€m)



Operating profit  
(€m)



Operating margins  
(%)

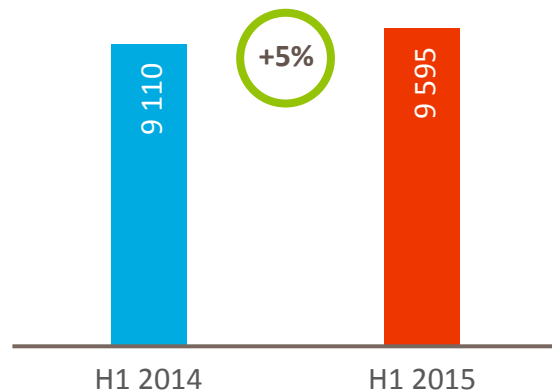


- > Profitability declined with muted activity levels in most sectors of European logistics
- > German inland shipping volumes declined & freight rates under pressure
- > Imperial's shipping business performed satisfactorily
- > Lehnkering's performance negatively impacted by adverse weather conditions & lower volumes
- > Neska had a poor six months - volumes at terminals (paper & steel) declined; container terminal in Krefeld remained underutilised
- > Panopa's margins declined due to high start up costs & operational inefficiencies on new project
- > South American inland shipping business in line with expectations

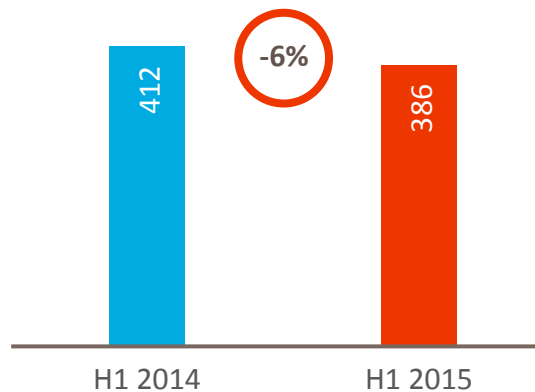
## 2015 LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL (ZAR)



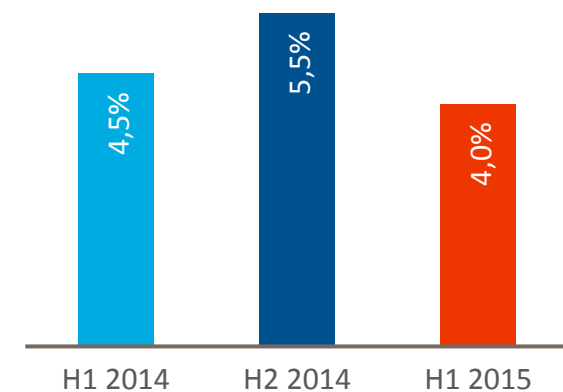
Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



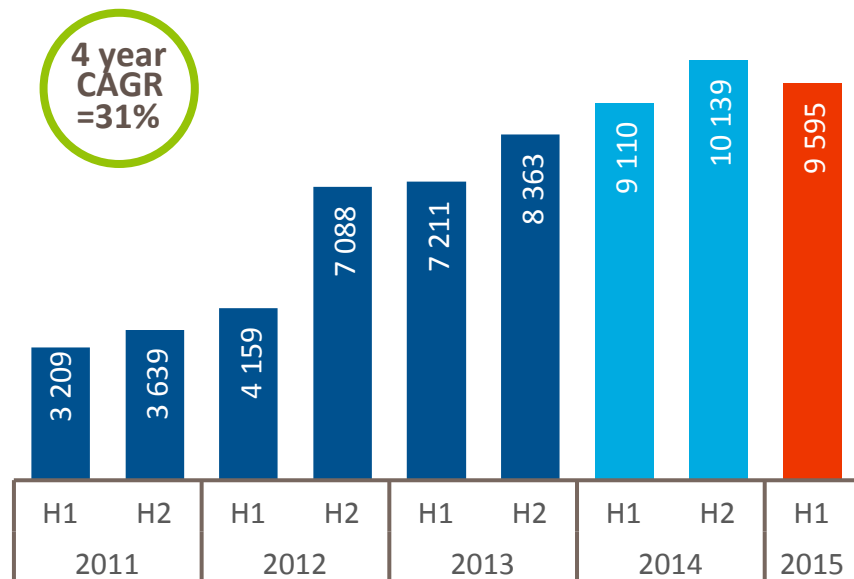
Operating margins  
(%)



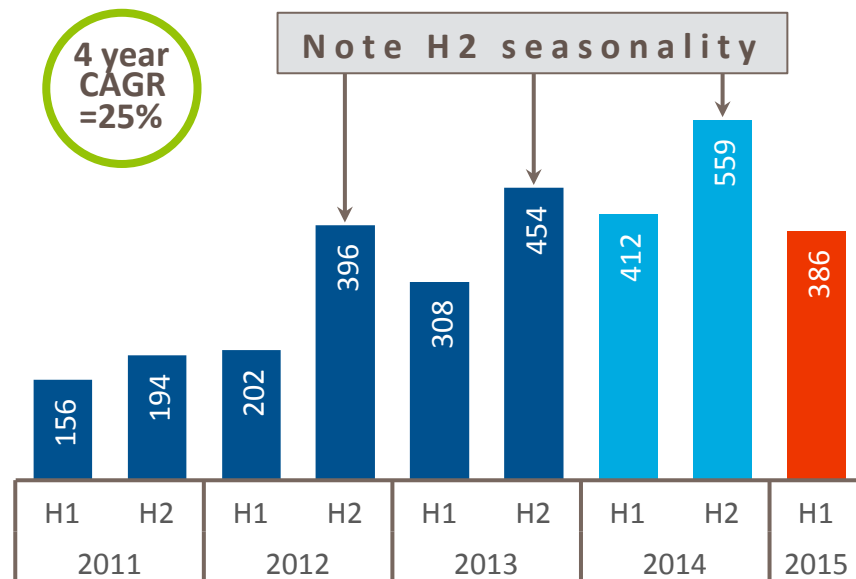
- > Translation effect of average weaker Rand to Euro assisted growth in Rands
- > 2015 six months average R/€: 14.15 vs 2014 six months average R/€: 13.50
- > Effective currency & diversification hedge in group portfolio
- > Capital expenditure of R614m (R309m for two further convoys in South America)
- > Carsten Taucke appointed CEO on 1st January 2015
- > **Guidance: we expect real growth of revenues for FY 2015, with operating profit in line with 2014**

# GROWTH TREND LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL IMPERIAL

Revenue  
(Rm)

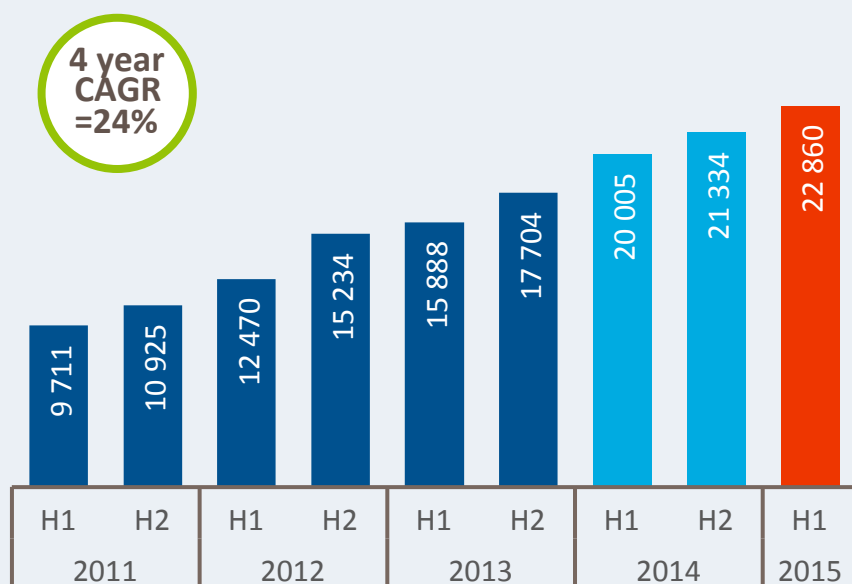


Operating profit  
(Rm)

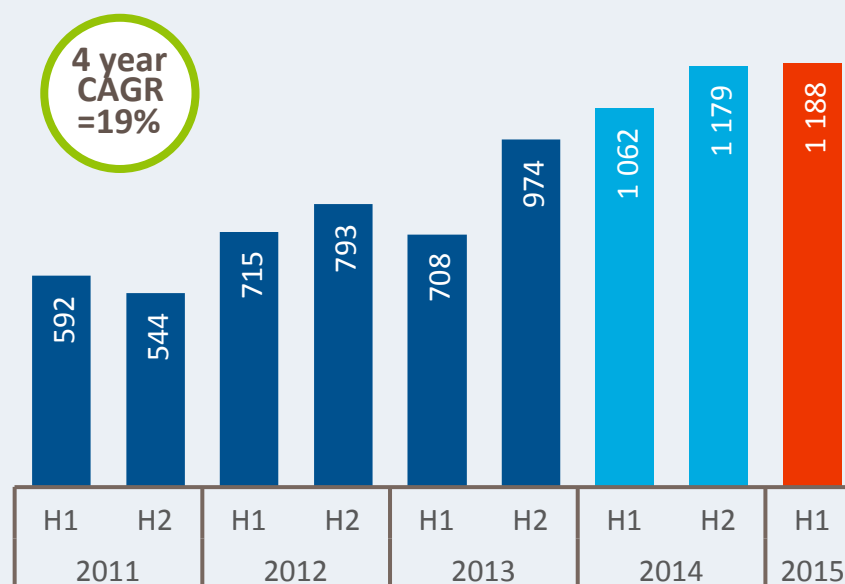


- > Strengthen position in current niches
- > Follow customer in new markets
- > Fund new areas of growth (industry diversification)
- > Target selected acquisitions

Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



- > Solid revenue & operating profit growth trend
- > Comprised R22.9bn (39%) of Group revenue for the period
- > Comprised R1.2bn (40%) of Group operating profit for the period
- > Increasingly focussed strategies for organic & acquisitive growth
- > Main target for disciplined capital allocation

## VEHICLE IMPORT, DISTRIBUTION & DEALERSHIPS



**REVENUE**  
(including inter-segment revenue)

↑ +7%  
**R14.0 billion**

**OPERATING  
PROFIT**

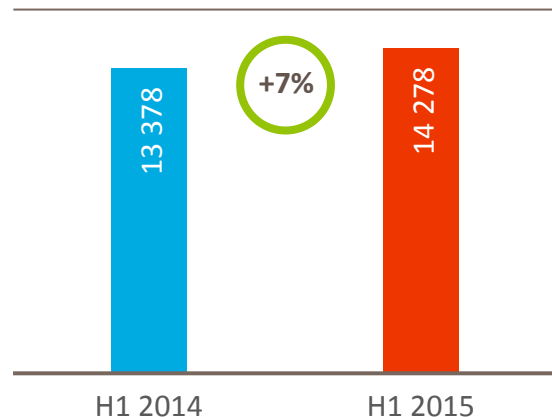
↓ -51%  
**R0.5 billion**

- > Market: South African new passenger & commercial vehicles; tracks economic & consumption growth; 4% up in 2014; estimated ~600k vehicles in 2015
- > Industry structure: dominated by multi national original equipment manufacturers & manufacturer controlled distributors who franchise dealership networks; direct imported brands represent ~15% of passenger vehicle market in SA
- > Strategy: increase sustainable market share & car parc of major brands through dedicated and multi-franchise customer focussed dealerships; capture revenue & margin across entire motor value chain (import, after-sales service, parts & financial services)
- > Value proposition: distribution capability for international manufacturers; alternative vehicle brands for South African market
- > Assets: exclusive importer of 16 automotive & industrial vehicle brands (including Hyundai, Kia, Renault, Mitsubishi & Crown forklifts); distributes through 126 owned & 113 franchised dealerships

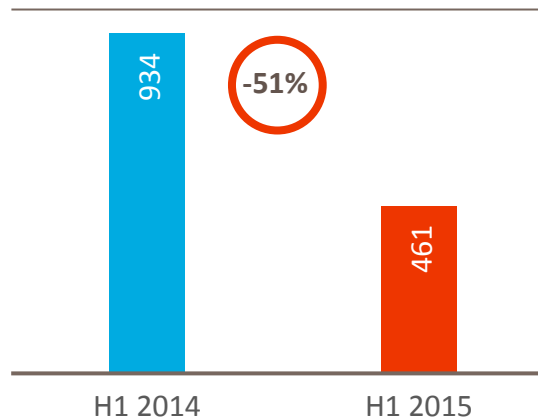
# VEHICLE IMPORT, DISTRIBUTION & DEALERSHIPS



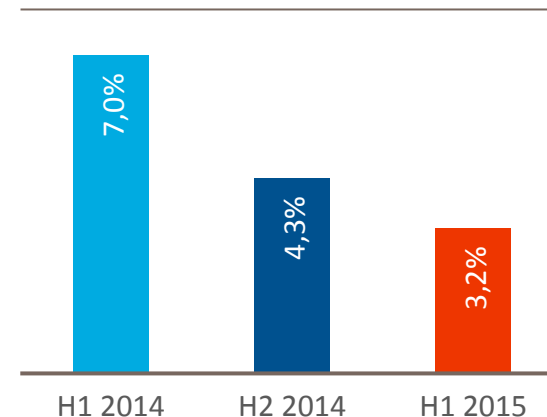
Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit (excl. F/S)  
(Rm)

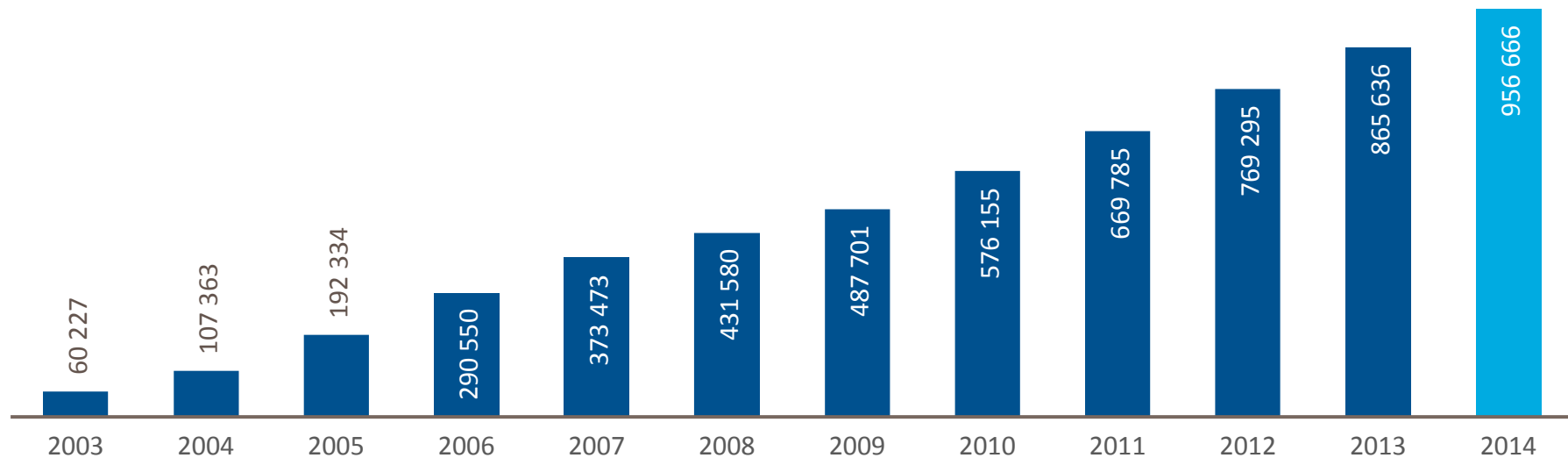


Operating margins (excl. F/S)  
(%)



- > Revenue growth mainly attributable to Renault (only included for 1 month in comparable period)
- > Operating profit & margins halved by:
  - declining new vehicle unit sales (down 9% excluding Renault); competitive position eroded by ↓ R/\$ impact on new vehicle landed costs & robust competition from OEM's (APDP)
  - pressure on distribution margins & retail gross margins from; ↓ R/\$ impact on new vehicle landed costs & margin compression to prevent excessive price increases
  - increased interest & net realisable provision costs on higher inventories
- > **Guidance: real growth of revenues for FY 2015, with operating profit well below 2014**

## CAR PARC OF IMPERIAL IMPORTED BRANDS



- > Car parc doubled over past 5 years
- > Provides an underpin to earnings
- > H1 2015 benefits of growing car parc – good growth in annuity revenue streams from after-sales parts & services
  - Rendering of services revenue up 16%
  - Parts revenue increased 12%

*Note: Includes Hyundai, Kia, Daihatsu, Chery, Foton, Mitsubishi, Renault and Tata – PC and LCV*

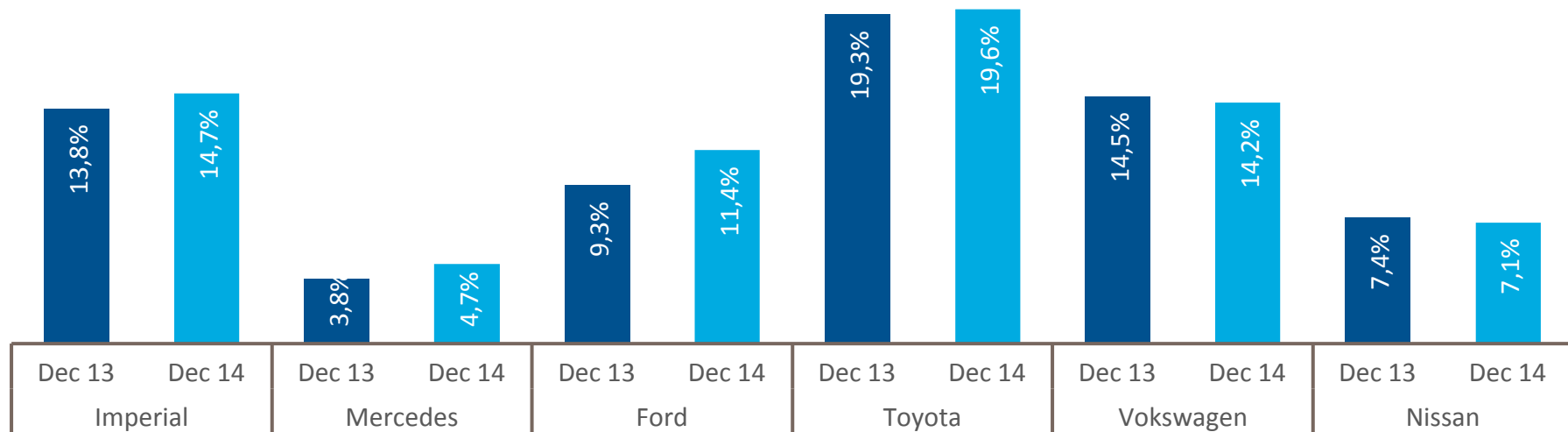


# IMPERIAL IMPORTS VS COMPETITORS



Market share\*

(%)



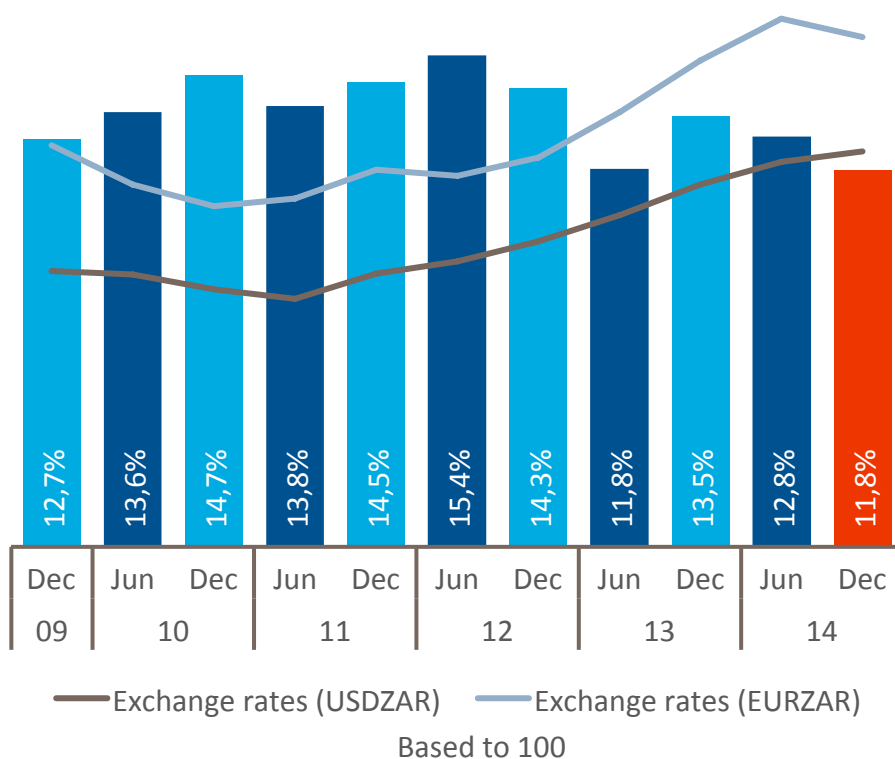
- > Imperial's market share increased ~1% compared to the comparable period
- > Imperial now holds the second largest market share

\* Includes Renault

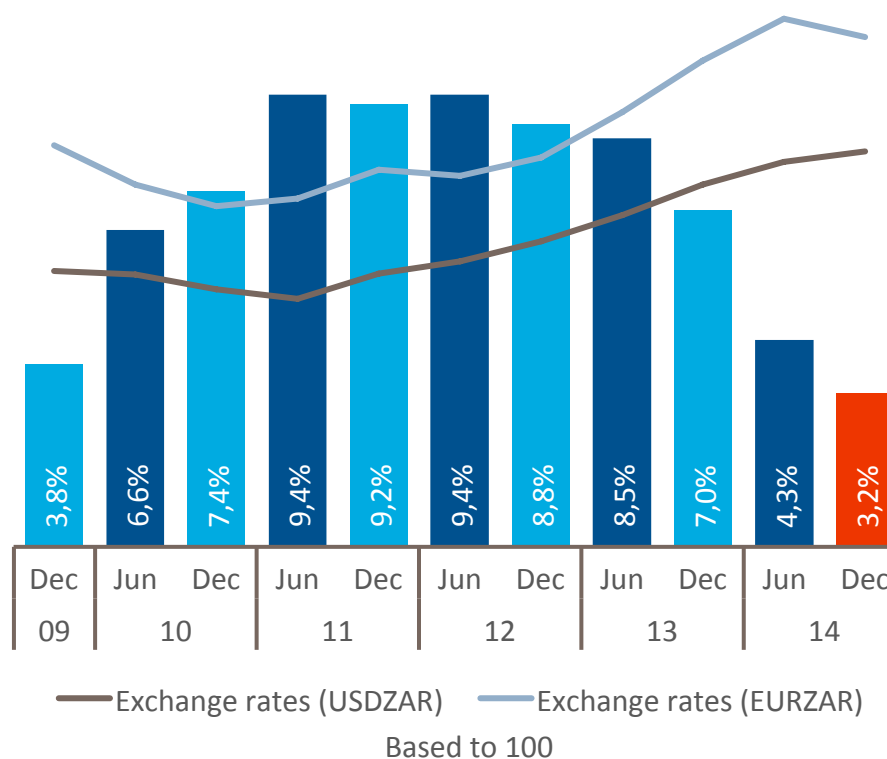
# CURRENCY, MARKET SHARE & OPERATING MARGINS



Market share\*  
(%)



Operating margin\*\*  
(%)



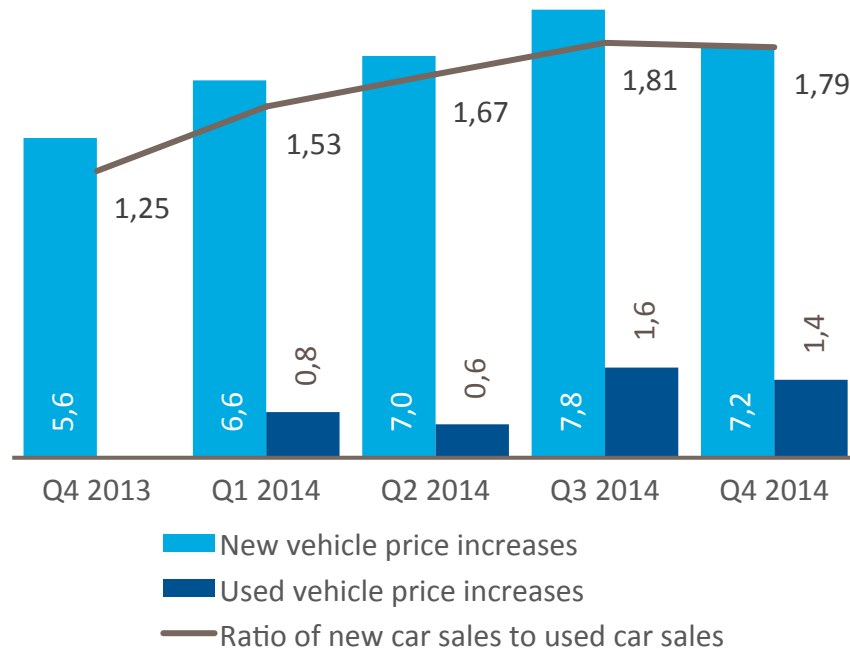
- > There has been significant currency depreciation since May 2012
- > Operating margin has been adversely impacted by currency depreciation since June 2012
- > Market share has remained below the highs of June 2012

\* Excludes Renault \*\* Excludes financial services

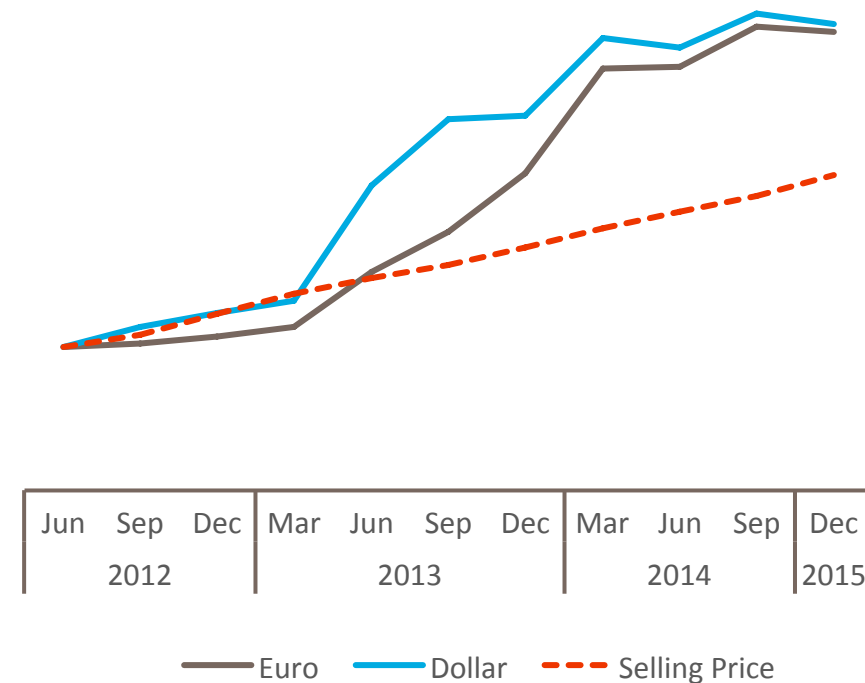
# SOUTH AFRICAN NEW VEHICLE PRICES



Vehicle price increases  
(yoy growth) New & Pre owned  
(%)



Exchange rate impact  
on imported brands  
(%)



Source: Econometrix

- > Hyundai / Kia worldwide established on disruptive entry level pricing
- > Hyundai / Kia grown off a low base in RSA
- > Beneficiary of “democracy dividend”: rapid growth of Black middle class; expansion of government employment; above inflation wage increases; NCA fuelled credit extension
- > Beneficiary of relatively stable R/\$ exchange rate & low forward cover costs
  - For 9 years (March 2003 to May 2012) apart from a sharp spike from September 2008 to May 2009, the R/\$ exchange rate was below R8.00
  - For 2 years from May 2009 to June 2011 it strengthened from R8.00 to R6.76
- > Korean product has consistently improved quality reducing relative price differentials
- > Since May 2012 R/\$ exchange rate has deteriorated 40%
- > OEM's can mitigate currency movements with duty & manufacturing incentives (the Automotive Production and Development Programme (APDP) replaced the Motor Industry Development Programme (MIDP) on January 1st 2013) & “hard” foreign currency income via exports
- > AMH has traded wisely & innovated continually (multi franchise dealerships; Liquid Capital; property ownership, SKD) building an impressive business & car parc

### **Motor Vehicle Environment**

- > Slower global growth
- > Recovering but subdued consumer confidence & expenditure in RSA
- > National motor vehicle sales negative or very low growth for at least 2-3 years
- > Consumers trading down
- > Limited growth of dealerships
- > Competitiveness & profitability of distributors of directly imported vehicles remains vulnerable to Rand weakness

### **Conclusions**

- > Expected operating margins in future likely to be closer to those of the current financial year than to the average of the past five financial years
- > Profits will decline in periods when the Rand depreciation rate relative to the currencies in which we import vehicles is higher than the rate of South African new vehicle inflation

## VEHICLE RETAIL, RENTAL & AFTERMARKET PARTS



**REVENUE**  
(including inter-segment  
revenue)

↑ +7%  
**R19 billion**

**OPERATING  
PROFIT**

↑ +7%  
**R0.8 billion**

- > Markets: South African new passenger & commercial vehicles; tracks economic & consumption growth; 4% up in 2014; estimated ~600k vehicles in 2015 / Car rental mature, highly competitive & price sensitive / Aftermarket Parts industry mature but stable, based on ~11 million vehicles in the vehicle parc
- > Industry structures: New vehicle industry dominated by multi national OEM & manufacturer controlled distributors who franchise dealership networks / Car rental dominated by local franchises of major international brands / Aftermarket parts franchise model evolving from 3 tier to 2 tier
- > Strategy: Position vehicle businesses as “Dealers of Choice” for OEM’s & providers of service excellence for clients / position all other businesses as market & value leaders
- > Value proposition: Distribution capability for local OEM’s & franchisors

### VEHICLE RETAIL

- > 86 passenger vehicle dealerships - 16 locally based OEMs
- > Extensive dealer footprint owning 85% of properties
- > 20 commercial vehicle dealerships & workshops - 12 brands in SA
- > 55 truck & van dealerships & workshops in the United Kingdom
- > Beekman canopies
- > Jurgens caravans

### RENTAL

- > Car Rental (Europcar & Tempest)
- > 65 dedicated Pre-owned retail outlets (Auto Pedigree)
- > Panelshops

### AFTERMARKET PARTS

- > Distributor, wholesaler & retailer through approximately 450 owned & franchised stores
- > Midas, Alert Engine Parts & Turbo Exchange
- > Focus on parts & accessories for vehicles between five & ten years old



### S&B Commercials



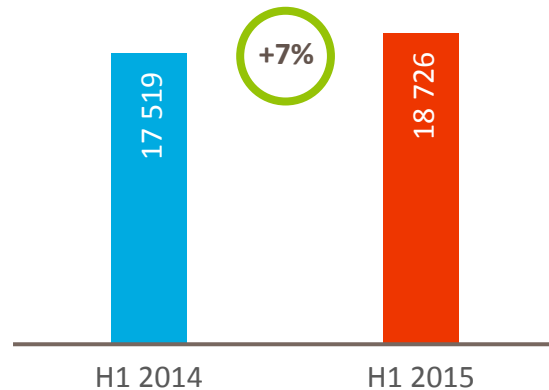
- > Acquired 1 September 2014
- > Purchase price – R167m (£9m) for 100% shareholding
- > UK based commercial vehicle dealership
- > Specialises in Mercedes Benz (Commercial and Van) & Fuso
- > Further diversifies Imperial's brand representation & extends its geographic footprint in United Kingdom
- > Annual turnover of ~R2.1bn (£115m)



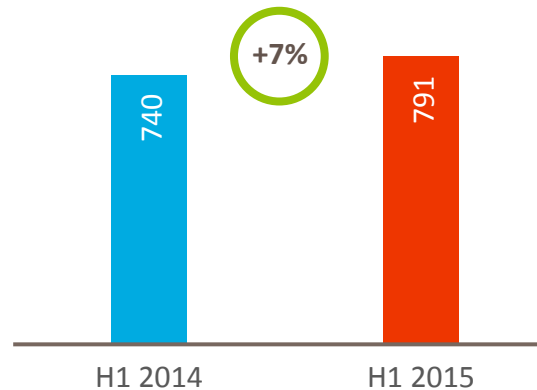
# VEHICLE RETAIL, RENTAL & AFTERMARKET PARTS



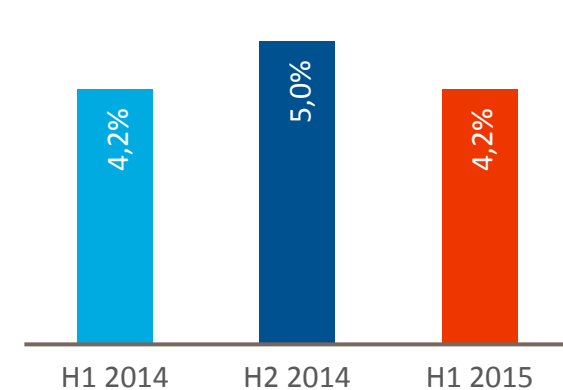
Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



Operating margins  
(%)



- > Good growth of revenue & operating margin despite subdued passenger vehicle volumes
- > Commercial vehicles: RSA sales & operating profit declined; good growth continues in the UK, supported by the recent acquisition of S&B Commercial
- > After sales parts & services revenue growth of 14% (9% ex UK)
- > Pre-owned vehicle sales grew moderately
- > Operating margins in car rental declined due to lower revenue, reduced fleet size & utilisation
- > Aftermarket Parts performed in line with comparable period in competitive & mature market
- > **Guidance: real growth of revenue and operating profit for FY 2015**

## 6. Pre Owned vehicle sales

- > ±70 000 units p.a.

## 5. Aftermarket Parts

- > Parts, oils & accessories for vehicles outside maintenance & warranty plans

## 4. Car rental

- > Purchase vehicles from the Group & local OEMs
- > Rental of vehicles
- > Dispose of vehicles through group outlets (65 Auto Pedigree outlets)

## 1. Vehicle import & distribution

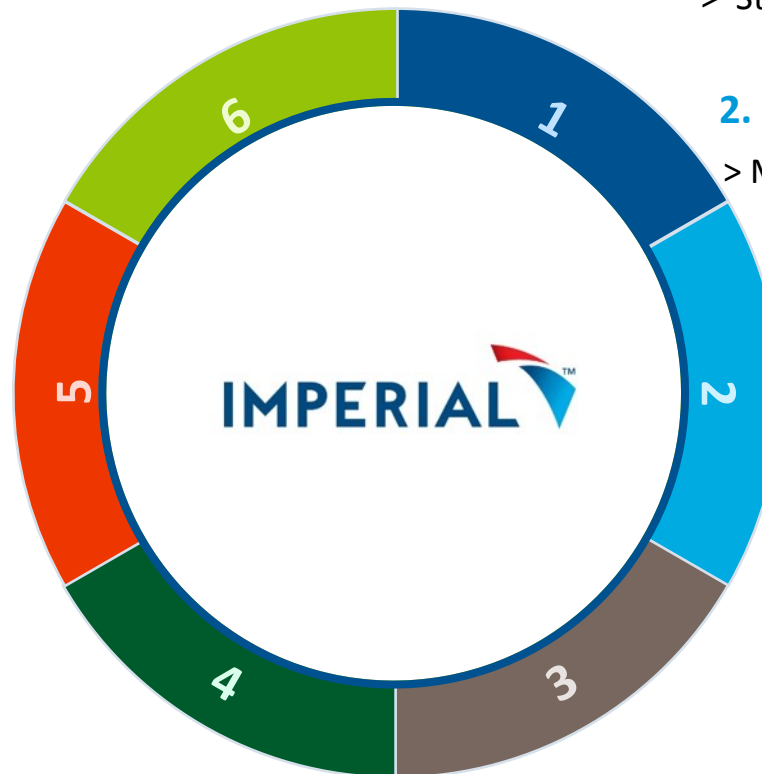
- > Represent 16 exclusive Automotive & Industrial brands
- > Strong after sales & service capability

## 2. Vehicle retail

- > Most major local & imported brands
  - > Extensive dealer network (239 new vehicle dealerships)
- > Sell 1 in 5 new vehicles in SA
  - > Commercial dealerships
  - > POS for financial services

## 3. Vehicle maintenance

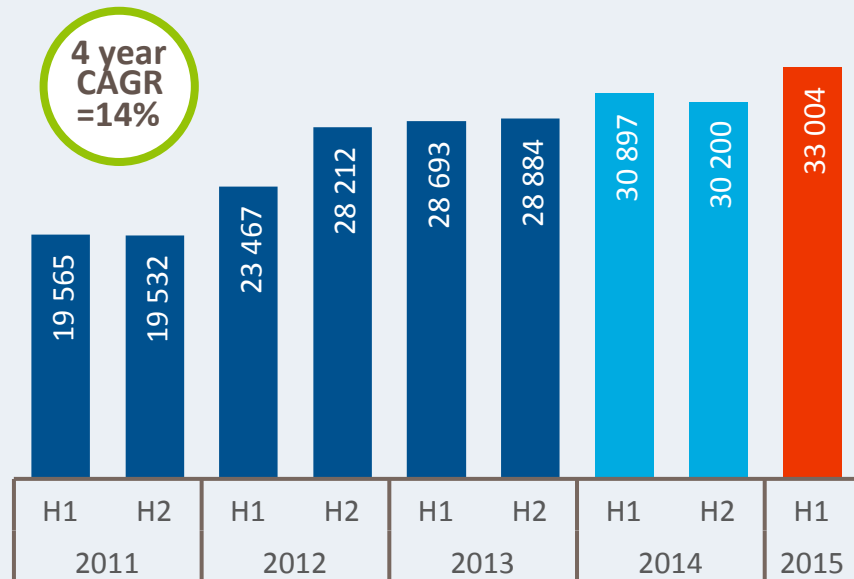
- > Growth in car parc
  - > Annuity income
- > Service & maintenance at dealerships
  - > Parts



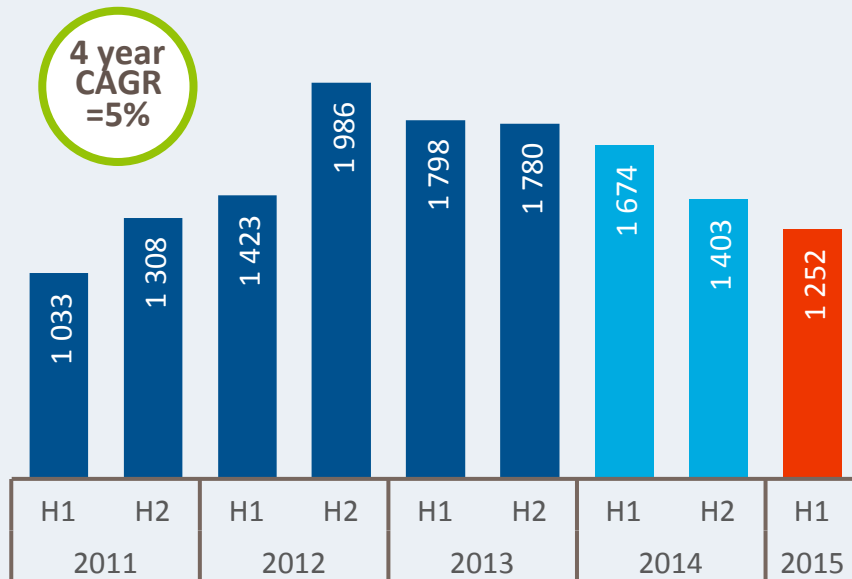
# GROWTH IMPERIAL GROUP VEHICLES



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



> Represents 43% of group operating profit

> Number of vehicles sold (benefitted by acquisitions)

- New
  - Passenger: 65 475 (+6%)
  - Commercial: 4 773 (+1%)
- Pre-owned
  - Passenger: 36 435 (+2%)
  - Commercial: 801 (+61%)

### FINANCIAL SERVICES



#### REVENUE

↑ +6%  
**R2.2 billion**

#### OPERATING PROFIT

↓ -6%  
**R0.5 billion**

- > Market: dominated by major banks & insurers
- > Industry structure: highly regulated mainly very large participants
- > Strategy: build on Imperial's capabilities in vehicle distribution & retail through Liquid Capital (unregulated products) & Regent (regulated products) providing specialised & cost-effective motor related financial services & products (insurance, finance & FML through banking alliances, service & maintenance plans & warranties)
- > Value proposition: centred on responsive engagement at all stages of the vehicle lifecycle through Imperial & independent dealerships, banks, direct sales & niche intermediaries
- > Assets: access to Imperial's distribution & vehicle expertise; joint ventures with leading banks & other motor groups; expertise in vehicle related finance, VAPS & insurance

### Regent

- > Short term Insurance underwriting profit +20%
  - improved motor underwriting against the comparable period
  - focussing on core markets and distribution channels
- > Regent Life performed as expected; underwriting up 7%
- > Lower investment returns – equity markets less favourable
- > Rest of Africa continues to contribute meaningfully

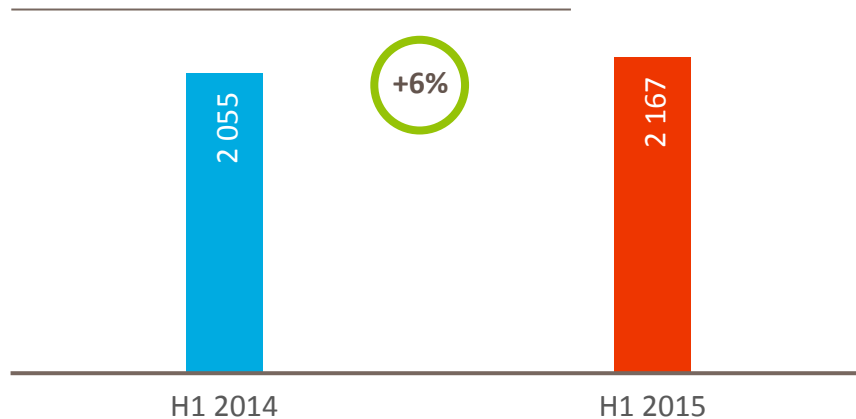
### Motor Related Financial Services

- > Liquid Capital grew operating profit by 9%
- > Finance alliances continue to grow; more conservative impairment provisions
- > Good growth in funds held under service, maintenance plans, warranties & roadside assistance
- > Volumes in Imperial Fleet Management continue to grow with new contract gains (7 000 vehicles under management)

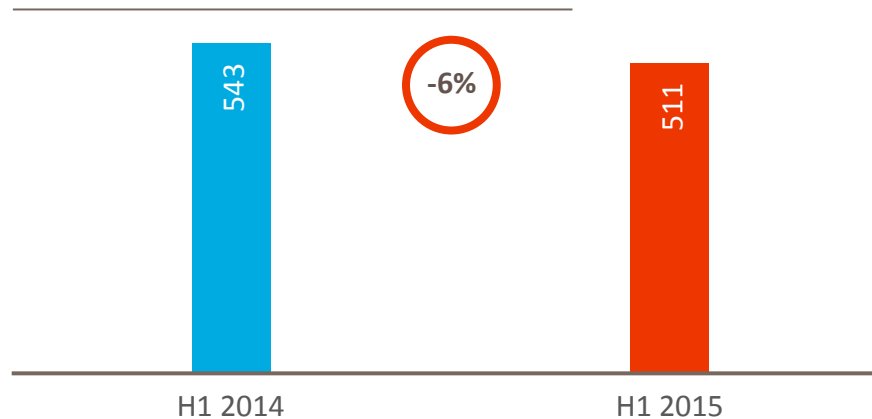
# FINANCIAL SERVICES



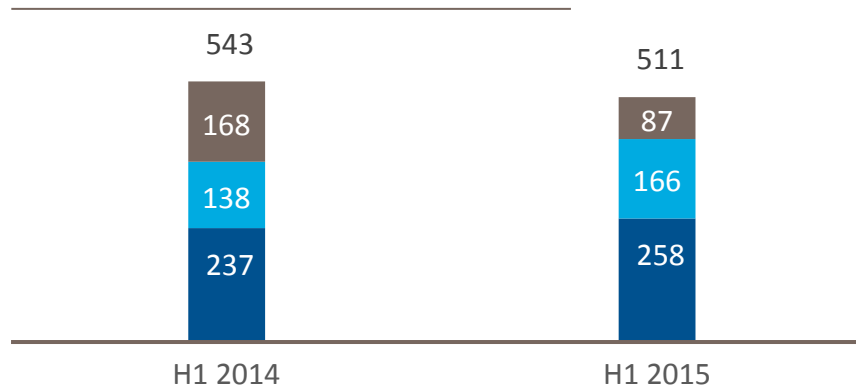
Revenue  
(Rm)



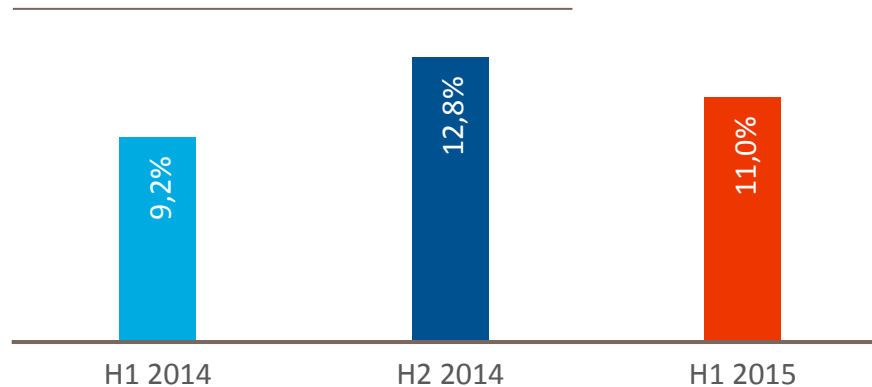
Operating profit  
(Rm)



Operating profit split  
(Rm)

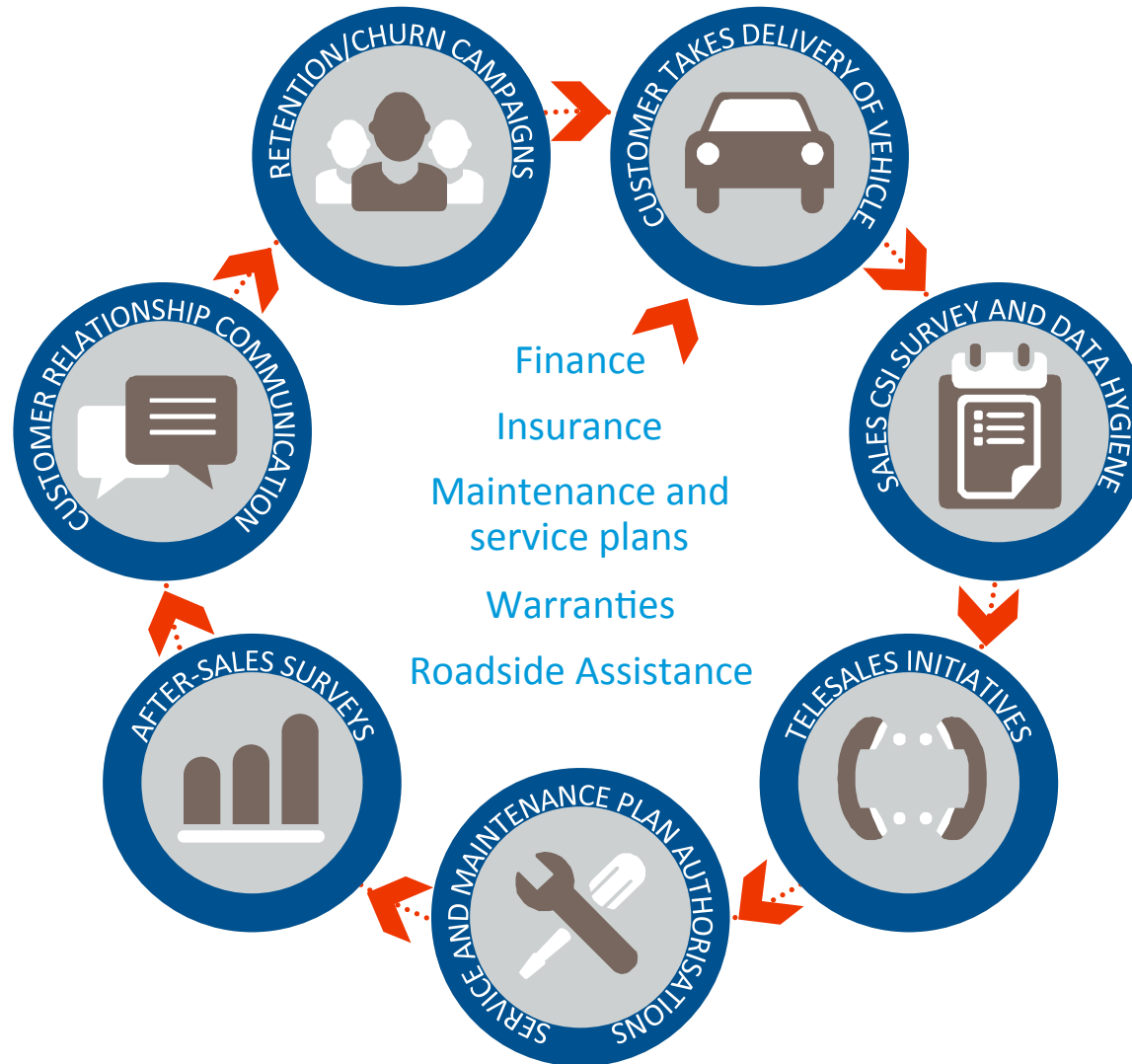


Net underwriting margin  
(%)



- Investment income, including fair value adjustments
- Underwriting result
- Motor related financial services and products

# IMPERIAL'S APPROACH TO MOTOR RELATED FINANCIAL SERVICES



## Insurance & motor related financial products & services

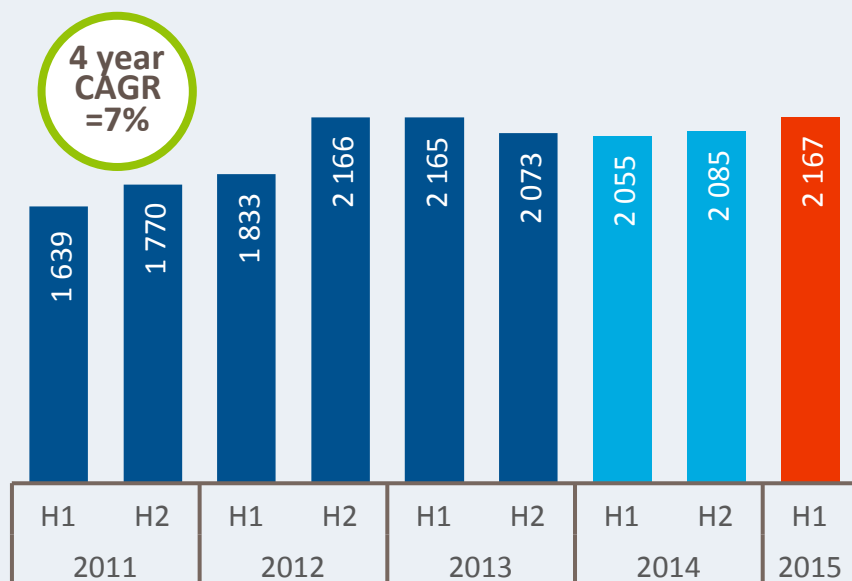
- > Extensive retail network provides scale & points of sale for the group's financial services business
- > Market intelligence & a basis from which to grow demand for existing products & services & develop new products

# GROWTH IMPERIAL GROUP

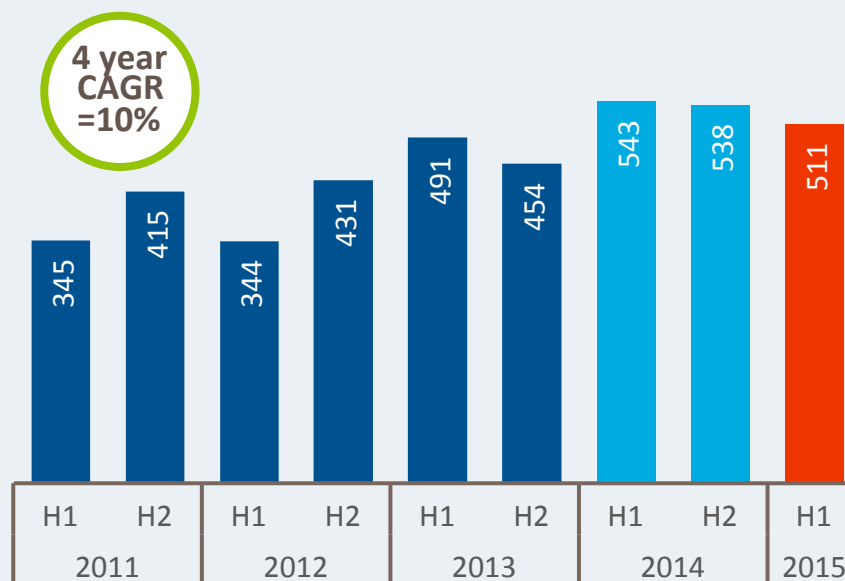
## FINANCIAL SERVICES



Revenue  
(Rm)



Operating profit  
(Rm)



- > Positive growth trend in revenue & funds under management
- > Annuity income
- > Access to group's distribution platform
- > Proven record of product & channel innovation & development
- > **Guidance: single digit growth of revenue & operating profit for FY 2015**





# INCOME STATEMENT



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Revenue	51 357	56 234	9%

## LOGISTICS **+14%**

new contract gains, strong growth in Rest of Africa, acquisitions & weak currency

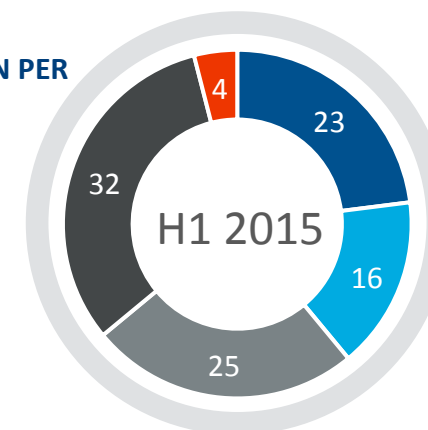
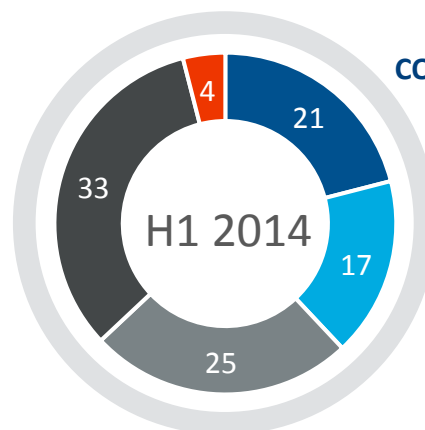
## VEHICLES **+7%**

price increases in new vehicles; growth in annuity revenues from parts & service activities & acquisitions

## FINANCIAL SERVICES **+6%**

flat vehicle sales & more conservative motor underwriting moderated growth

REVENUE  
CONTRIBUTION PER  
DIVISION  
(%)



	H1 2014 %	H1 2015 %
■ LOGISTICS AFRICA	21	23
■ LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL	17	16
■ VEHICLE IMPORT, DISTRIBUTION AND DEALERSHIPS	25	25
■ VEHICLE RETAIL, RENTAL AND AFTERMARKET PARTS	33	32
■ FINANCIAL SERVICES	4	4

# INCOME STATEMENT



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Revenue	51 357	56 234	9%
Operating profit	3 166	2 872	(9%)
Operating profit margin	6.2%	5.1%	

## LOGISTICS +12%

contract gains, acquisitions & currency weakness

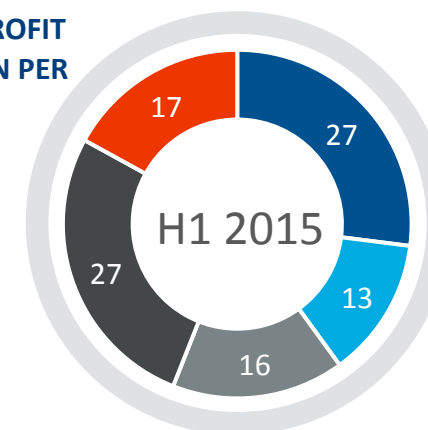
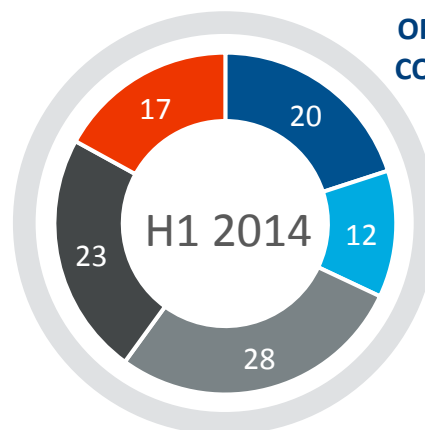
## VEHICLES -25%

impacted by currency in Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships business, reduced volumes & margins

## FINANCIAL SERVICES -6%

weak investment performance caused by lower equity markets

OPERATING PROFIT  
CONTRIBUTION PER  
DIVISION  
(%)



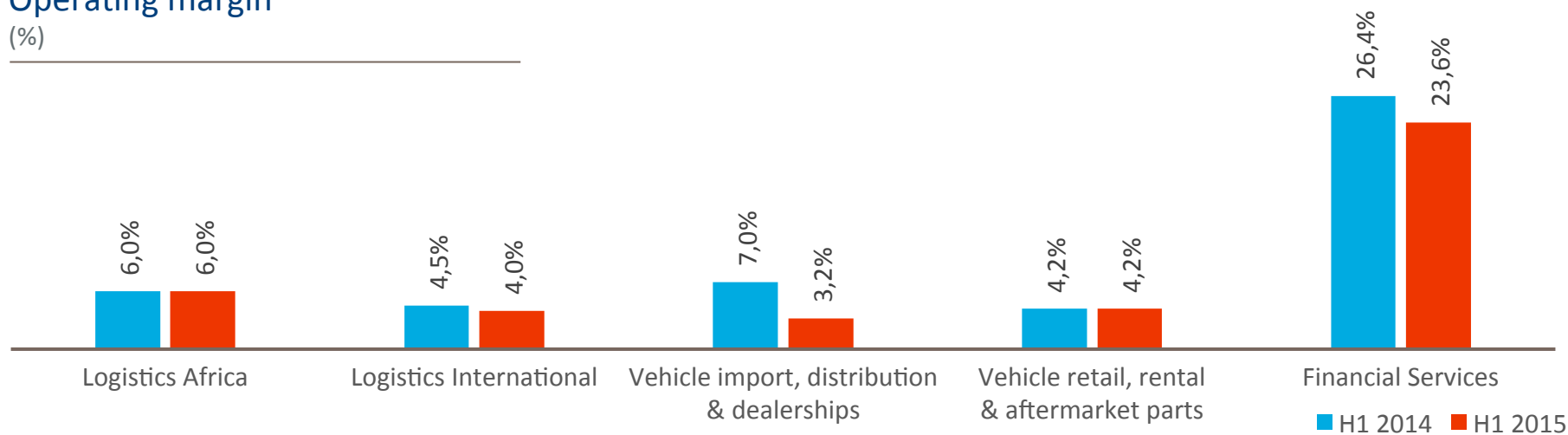
	H1 2014 %	H1 2015 %
■ LOGISTICS AFRICA	20	27
■ LOGISTICS INTERNATIONAL	12	13
■ VEHICLE IMPORT, DISTRIBUTION AND DEALERSHIPS	28	16
■ VEHICLE RETAIL, RENTAL AND AFTERMARKET PARTS	23	27
■ FINANCIAL SERVICES	17	17

## DIVISIONAL STATISTICS



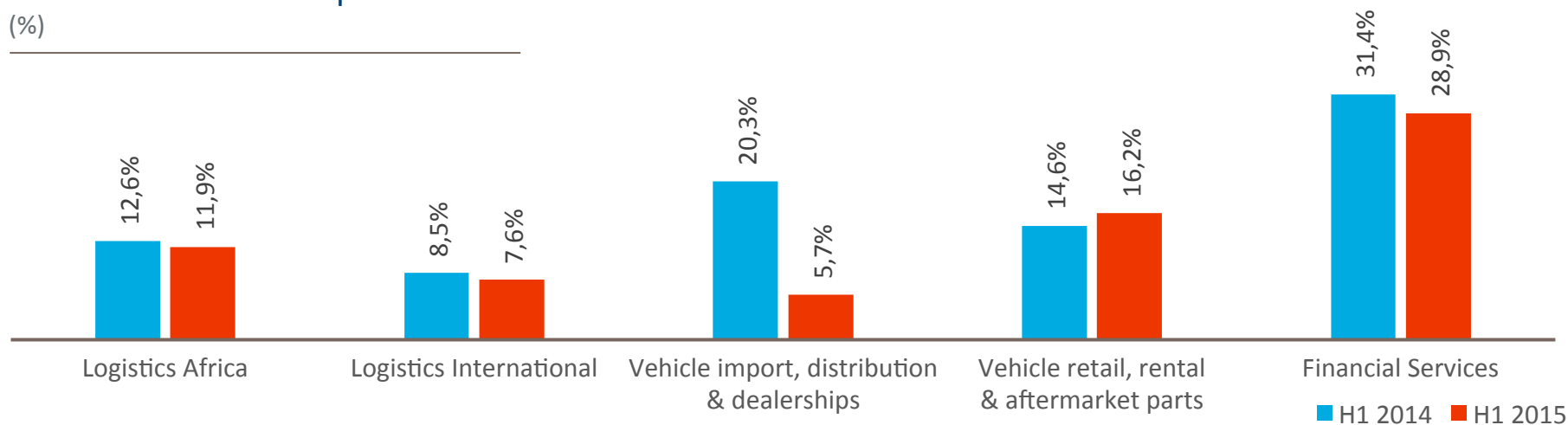
### Operating margin

(%)



### Return on invested capital

(%)



# INCOME STATEMENT



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Revenue	51 357	56 234	9%
Operating profit	3 166	2 872	(9%)
Recoupments from disposal of properties	39	12	
Amortisation of intangible assets	(147)	(205)	39%
Foreign exchange (losses)/gains on foreign currency monetary items	(16)	117	
Loss on remeasurement of put option liability	-	(21)	
Charge for amending conversion profile of deferred ordinary shares	(70)	-	
Onerous contracts	(29)	-	
Exceptional items	87	(27)	
Other	(8)	(6)	

- > Amortisation of intangibles increased due to recent acquisitions and currency effects
- > Foreign exchange (losses)/gains includes a once-off gain of R104m on Intergroup monetary items, converting Dollar loan to Euros
- > Exceptional items - profit on sale of Tourism business (in prior year) and goodwill write-offs

# INCOME STATEMENT



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Net financing costs	(420)	(598)	42%
Income from associates	18	12	(33%)
Tax	(689)	(562)	
Net profit for the period	1 931	1 594	(17%)
Attributable to Imperial shareholders	1 734	1 426	(18%)
Attributable to minorities	197	168	(15%)

- > Net finance costs increased as a result of higher debt due to:
  - increased capital expenditure
  - higher level of working capital
  - acquisitions
  - higher cost of funding from longer term debt
- > Reduction in Income from associates due to
  - Ukhamba increase in impairment versus comparable period
  - increase in losses from Chery and Ariva
- > Effective tax rate of 26.2% (2014: 26.5%)
- > Minorities declined due to the reduced contribution from the Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships division

# BALANCE SHEET



	June 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Property, plant and equipment	10 469	10 746	3%
Transport fleet	5 322	5 513	4%
Vehicles for hire	2 303	2 793	
Goodwill and intangible assets	6 766	7 397	9%
Associates, investments and loans	3 886	4 494	16%
Other assets	1 516	1 848	
Net working capital	8 675	10 984	27%
Assets	38 937	43 775	

- > Goodwill and intangible assets rose due to the acquisitions of Eco Health, Imres and S&B Commercials
- > Investments and loans increased due to Regent's investment in foreign equities and longer term investments
- > Net working capital increased mainly due to:
  - acquisitions
  - higher inventory and accounts receivables, partly offset by higher accounts payable in the Vehicle businesses & the Logistics Africa division

## BALANCE SHEET



	June 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Total shareholders' interest	18 109	18 262	
Net interest bearing borrowings	11 441	15 109	32%
Other liabilities	9 387	10 404	11%
Equity and liabilities	38 937	43 775	

> Shareholder interest impacted by:

- attributable earnings of R1 426m
- put option liability of R391m
- losses on foreign currency translation of R227m
- dividends paid of R917m
- remeasurement of defined benefit pension plans of R140m (European operations)

> Interest bearing borrowings increased due to:

- acquisitions
- higher capital expenditure
- higher levels of working capital

> Other liabilities increased due to additional business written on insurance, maintenance and warranty contracts - up 9%



## CASH FLOW – OPERATING ACTIVITIES



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Cash generated by operations	4 328	4 257	
Net working capital movements	(2 244)	(1 405)	
Cash generated by operations	2 084	2 852	37%
Net finance costs and tax paid	(945)	(1 031)	
Cash flow from operating activities before rental assets capex	1 139	1 821	
Capex: rental assets	(552)	(808)	46%
Expansion capex rental assets	(251)	(406)	
Net replacement capex rental assets	(301)	(402)	
Cash flow from operating activities	587	1 013	73%

- > Cash generated by operations increased 37% due to lower investment in working capital
- > Capex: rental assets up 46%, largely due to earlier de-fleeting in H2 2014, leading to lower proceeds on sale of vehicles in H1 2015 than in the comparable period
- > Cash flow from operating activities increased 73% to R1bn

## CASH FLOW – INVESTING ACTIVITIES



	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Net acquisition and disposals of subsidiaries and businesses	148	(905)	
Capital expenditure	(1 662)	(1 417)	(15%)
Expansion	(1 015)	(806)	
Replacement	(647)	(611)	
Net movement in associates and JVs	(75)	25	
Net movement in investments, loans and non-current financial instruments	(129)	(997)	
Total investing activities	(1 718)	(3 294)	92%

- > Net acquisition of subsidiaries relates to the acquisitions of Imres, S&B Commercial and Pharmed
- > Capital expenditure 15% lower because of lower investment in dealership properties – prior year included significant capex from International operations
- > Movement in investments, loans & non-current financial instruments due to investments in foreign equities & longer term investments

## CASH FLOW – SUMMARY



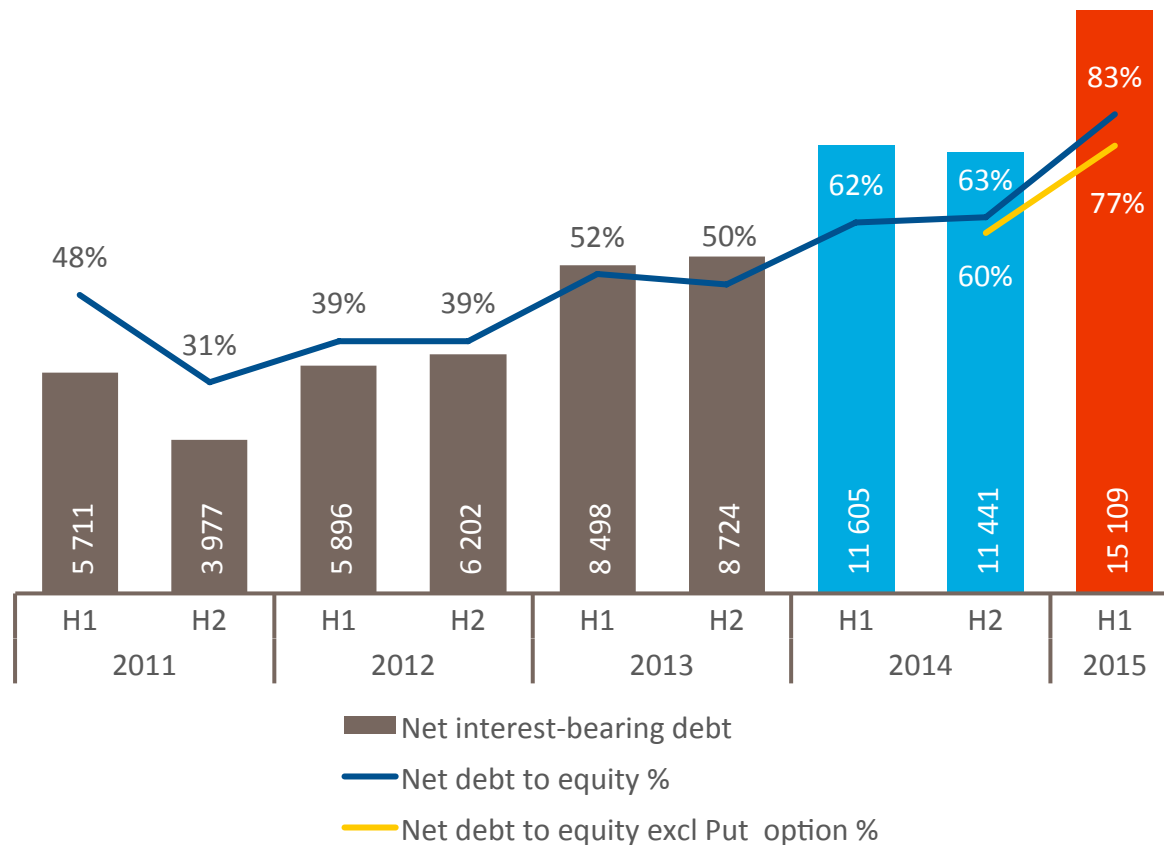
	H1 2014 Rm	H1 2015 Rm	% change
Cash flow from operating activities	587	1 013	73%
Total investing activities	(1 718)	(3 294)	87%
Financing activities			
Dividends paid	(1 050)	(917)	
Other financing activities	(201)	(206)	
Increase in net borrowings	(2 382)	(3 404)	
Free cash flow - total operations	191	808	
Free cash conversion ratio to core earnings	11%	52%	

- > Free cash flow equals: Cash generated by operations reduced by net replacement capex
- > Free cash flow improved mainly due to lower investment in working capital

# GEARING



## Net debt to equity (%)

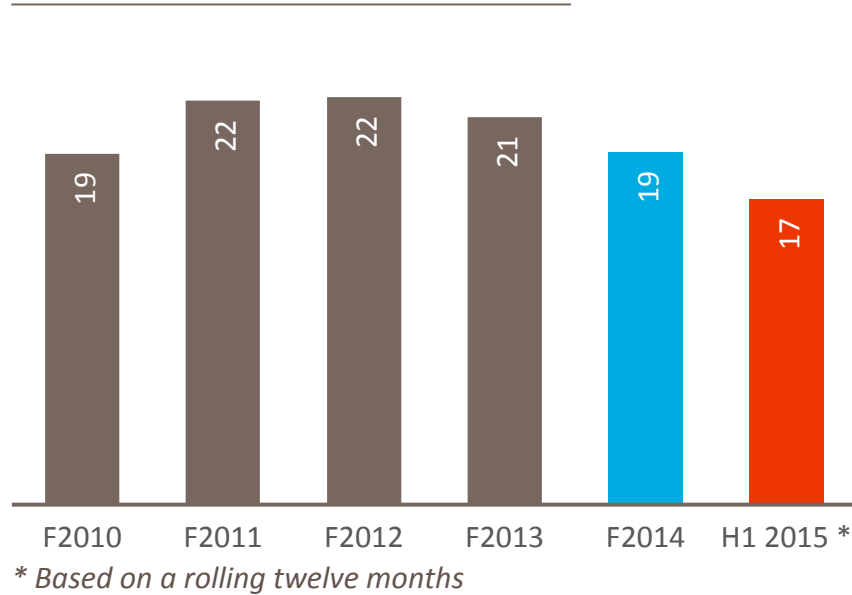


- > Higher net debt to fund:
  - acquisitions
  - higher working capital
  - expansion capex
- > Net debt:equity impacted by **R1.4bn reduction in equity due to a put option liability** - minority shareholdings in Eco Health and Imres
- > Capacity for further acquisitions and organic growth
- > Group has R6.3bn unutilised funding facilities
- > Improved mix of fixed and floating debt (45% fixed)
- > Extended debt maturity profile
- > The group's credit rating by Moody's was unchanged at Baa3, with a stable outlook

# RETURNS



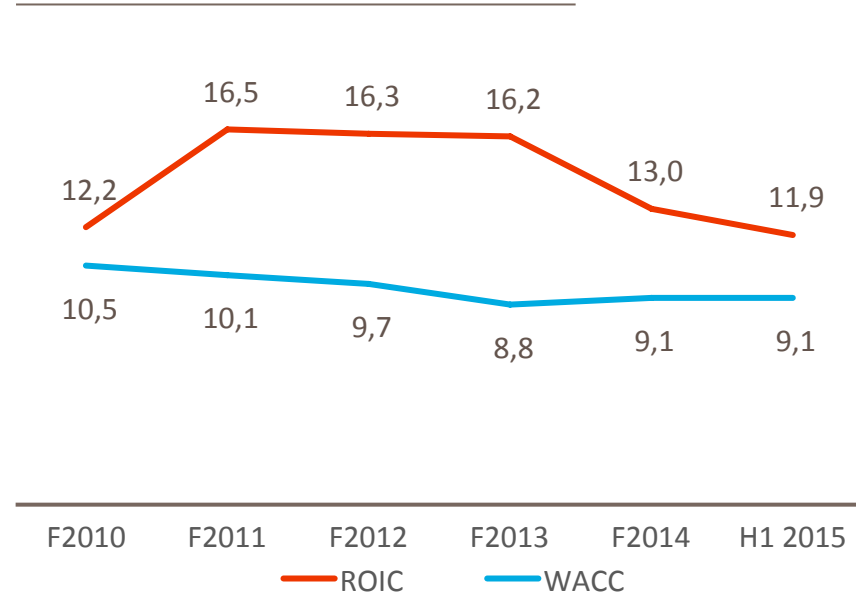
## ROE (%)



### ROE is good

- > Impacted by:
  - significantly lower returns from Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships division

## ROIC vs WACC (%)



### Objective: average ROIC > than WACC + 4% through the cycles

- > ROIC affected by:
  - lower returns in Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships division
  - recent expansion and acquisitions
  - Investment in expansion capex and acquisitions



- > The environment & the size & complexity of Imperial demands strategic clarity at two levels:
  - Corporate strategy as a Group
    - more expansive & precise as to the value added & the parenting advantage created by Imperial Holdings
    - clarify precisely how Holdings should influence & relate to the businesses it is associated with & whether its capabilities are aligned to Divisional requirements
  - Business strategy at the Divisional & Company level
    - determine more precisely the bases for competitive advantage, clarifying how each client facing business competes & wins in its chosen market
- > Sharpen executive attention & increase returns on capital & effort by:  
disposing of strategically misaligned, underperforming, sub-scale or low return on effort assets
- > Improve productivity & reduce costs by eliminating complexity in organisation structures, reporting lines, legal structures, minorities, boards, accounting & reporting

## PARENTING ROLE – 4 STRATEGIC THRUSTS

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- > **Develop the Group** – acquire, merge, integrate, drive the profitability of companies & assets involved in mobility, & dispose non-core, strategically misaligned assets
- > **Raise, Allocate & Control Capital for Sustainable Value Accretion** – **funding** the Group's debt & equity requirements at competitive rates; **allocating capital** to those sectors & jurisdictions where targeted risk adjusted returns & growth are achieved; & **controlling working capital** within planned limits\*
- > **Clarify Operating Companies Strategies** – ensure that each client facing business in Imperial has a documented plan of how it intends to compete & win in its defined market over the medium to long term
- > **Develop Executive Capability** – as the major determinant of Imperial's progress & performance, identify select, develop & reward those exceptional executive leaders whose performance & potential positions them among the top quartile in their fields of expertise

*\*ROIC > WACC +4% imbedded as target to evaluate performance of all invested capital & allocation of new capital*





- > The factors most relevant to the fortunes of Imperial are:
  - the weakening of the Rand against the currencies in which we import new vehicles
  - the poor state of the South African economy
  - a much slower than expected recovery of the German economy
  - the impact of political uncertainty and a sustained low oil price on the economy and currency of Nigeria
- > The outlook for three divisions is unchanged (i.e. Logistics Africa; Vehicle Retail, Rental & Aftermarket Parts; & Financial Services)
- > A slower recovery in Germany has caused us to reduce our full year expectations of the Logistics International division
- > Most significantly, the unit volume decline in the Vehicle Import, Distribution & Dealerships division has necessitated a further reduction of expected profits
- > **We therefore expect Imperial's second half operating performance to be positive, but with earnings for the year to June 2015 to be below 2014**



THANK YOU