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Imperial Holdings is a JSE listed, South African-based international Group of companies, active in two chosen areas of mobility:

- > Logistics: consumer and industrial logistics which make up 40% and 42% of Group* revenue and operating profit respectively, with 71% of the operating profit generated internationally; and
- > Vehicles: vehicle import, distribution, dealerships, rental, aftermarket parts, and vehicle-related financial services, which make up 60% and 58% of Group* revenue and operating profit respectively, with 11% of the operating profit generated internationally.
- * Excluding Regent, head office and eliminations

IMPERIAL EMPLOYS OVER **51 000** PEOPLE WHO GENERATE ANNUAL REVENUES IN EXCESS OF

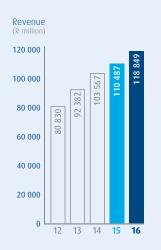
R118 BILLION

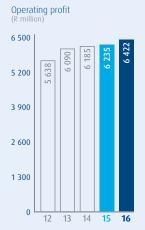
MAINLY IN AFRICA AND EUROPE.

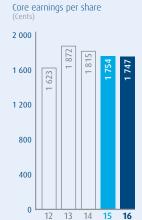
PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

- Our performance -

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS









REVENUE up 8% TO R118,8 BILLION (42% foreign)

OPERATING
PROFIT up
3% TO
R6,4
BILLION
(36% foreign)

FOREIGN REVENUE increased 23% TO R49,7 BILLION (42% of Group* revenue)

FOREIGN OPERATING
PROFIT
increased
18% TO
R2,2
BILLION
(36% of Group* operating profit)

Non-vehicle revenue increased 8% to

R47,9 BILLION (40% of Group* revenue)

Non-vehicle operating profit remained flat at

R2,5 BILLION

(42% of Group*
operating profit)

Return on invested capital 12,4%

excluding Regent, head office and eliminations. Motor Related Financial Services now included in Vehicles.



22% Logistics - Africa

17% Logistics – International

23% Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships

34% Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts

4% Financial Services



22% Logistics - Africa

17% Logistics - International

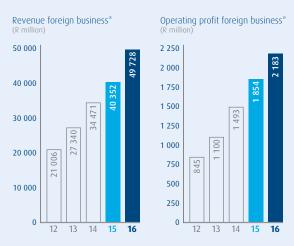
24% Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships

33% Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts

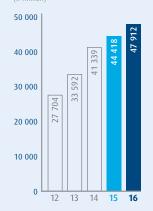
4% Financial Service

^{*} Before head office and eliminations

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS



Revenue non-vehicle business* (R million)



Operating profit non-vehicle business*



Continuing operations, before head office and eliminations

EPS and CORE EPS unchanged at 1581 and RESPECTIVELY

HEPS down **⊘** 3% to PER SHARE

RETURN ON EQUITY **15,6**%

FULL YEAR DIVIDEND unchanged at 795 PER SHARE

Weighted average cost of capital 10,2%

Cash generated by operations of R9,0 BILLION Net working capital increased by 7% to

R9,9 BILLION



23% Logistics - Africa

15% Logistics - International

18% Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships

26% Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts



25% Logistics - Africa

15% Logistics - International

15% Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships

26% Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts

Before head office and eliminations

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

RESULTS OVERVIEW

- > Total revenue and operating profit for the Imperial Group grew 8% to R118,8 billion and 3% to R6,4 billion respectively, supported by the inclusion of the Imres and S&B Commercials acquisitions for the full year, and strong performances from the Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships division and the Logistics Rest of Africa sub-division.
- > Revenue and operating profit from continuing operations, excluding Regent, was up 8% to R115,7 billion and 4% to R5,9 billion respectively.
- > The Group's operating margin from continuing operations remained stable at 5,1%.
- > Foreign revenue increased 23% to R49,7 billion (42% of Group* revenue) and foreign operating profit increased 18% to R2,2 billion (36% of Group* operating profit).
- > Non-vehicle revenue increased 8% to R47,9 billion (40% of Group* revenue) and operating profit remained flat at R2,5 billion (42% of Group* operating profit).
- > A full reconciliation from earnings to headline earnings and core earnings is provided in the Group Financial Performance section.
- > Cash flow from operating activities before capital expenditure on rental assets was R4,8 billion from R6,6 billion in the prior year.
- > Net working capital from continuing operations increased 7% to R9,9 billion compared to the prior year, despite an 8% increase in turnover and the higher increase in the Rand cost of imported vehicles, which increased the carrying value of inventory.
- > The net debt to equity ratio (including preference shares as equity) increased from 66% in June 2015 to 73% at year-end (76% at December 2015).
- * Excluding Regent, head office and eliminations. Motor Related Financial Services now included in Vehicles.

ENVIRONMENT

In April 2016 the IMF lowered its global growth forecasts for 2016 to 3,2% and 3,5% for 2017. With a footprint in more than 30 countries on 5 continents, Imperial is affected by global and local economic conditions.

South Africa

The economy has tightened and the trading environment remains challenging in South Africa, where R66 billion or 58% of Group revenue and R3,7 billion or 64% of Group operating profit was generated in the 12 months to June 2016. National GDP growth forecasts have been lowered to 0.1% in 2016 and 1.0% for 2017.

Specific factors that affected Imperial during the financial year were: a 27% decline in the average R/\$ exchange rate; an 8% decline in national new vehicle sales; a sharp decline in commodity, chemical and fuel volumes; declining consumer confidence and rising interest rates that depressed personal consumption expenditure and consumer goods volumes.

Rest of Africa

Falling commodity demand, lower oil prices and the consequent impact on currencies and private consumption have reduced the growth rate in the Rest of Africa, where R13,3 billion or 11% of Group revenue and R853 million or 14% of Group operating profit was generated in 2016. The weakness of the Rand also assisted results.

Specific factors that affected Imperial during the financial year were: slowing growth rates, and currency volatility and devaluation.

Against this background we provide shareholders with current information on the Group's strategy and performance.

Eurozone and United Kingdom (UK)

A slow economic recovery continued and trading conditions were satisfactory in the Eurozone, where R36,4 billion or 31% of Group revenue and R1,3 billion or 22% of Group operating profit was generated in 2016.

Specific factors that affected Imperial during the financial year were: low water levels that depressed the profitability of inland shipping in the first half; solid UK economic growth; and the weakening of the Rand against the Pound and Euro, which assisted Rand denominated results for the UK and Eurozone businesses.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

DELIVERING ON OUR INVESTMENT CASE

Imperial strives to create long term value for stakeholders through strategic clarity, financial discipline, operational excellence and strictly defined capital allocation principles.

Notwithstanding current environmental challenges, Imperial's investment thesis remains unchanged and steady progress as detailed below is being registered with each of the following five capital allocation objectives:

- 1. To release capital and sharpen executive focus, by disposing non-core, strategically misaligned, underperforming or low return on effort assets.
 - > Although certain transactions are still subject to regulatory approval, businesses and assets to the value of R5,2 billion have been disposed. R2,4 billion cash had been received by year end.
 - > Over the next twelve to eighteen months the Group intends disposing of mainly non-strategic properties (sale or sale and leaseback) in a number of unrelated transactions in various jurisdictions amounting to R2,6 billion.
- 2. We will invest capital in South Africa to maintain the quality of assets and market leadership in our logistics and motor vehicle businesses.
 - > Various acquisitions have been made, the most notable being the 10% minority in AMH for R750 million, and a further 14% minority in Midas for R112,5 million.
 - > In addition, R2,6 billion of capital was invested in South Africa in continuing operations.
- 3. We will invest capital in the Rest of Africa primarily to achieve our 2020 objective for the revenue and profits generated in that region to equal that of our South African logistics business, and secondarily to expand our vehicle businesses in the region.
 - > Two small companies were acquired for R37 million.
 - > Vehicle distribution agreements were concluded in 6 African countries.
 - > Capital of R416 million was invested to sustain the high organic growth rate.
- 4. We will invest the cash generated from operations and divestments to grow our businesses beyond the continent, but with an emphasis on logistics.
 - > Logistics acquisitions included Van den Anker in Netherlands, a further 10% investment in Imres (Netherlands-based) in which we now own 80% and post year-end we acquired 95% of Palletways for £155,1 million (R3,0 billion).
 - > Humberside Tail Lifts was acquired by our UK commercial vehicle business.
 - > Capital of R1,1 billion was invested outside of Africa, mainly in logistics in Europe and South America.
- 5. The development and sustainability of Imperial will be underpinned by investment in human capital and information systems.
 - > Group wide investments in human capital development and information systems amounted to R500 million.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

DIVISIONAL PERFORMANCE

Logistics Africa

| | HY1 2016 | % change on HY1 2015 | HY2 2016 | % change on HY2 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | % change on 2015 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Revenue (Rm) Operating profit (Rm) Operating margin (%) | 13 714 802 5,9 | 3 - | 13,405 728 5,5 | 11 (8) | 27 119 1 530 5,6 | 25 347 1 587 6,3 | 7 (4) |
| Return on Invested Capital (%) Weighted average cost of capital (%) | | | | | 11,3 10,0 | 13,3* 8,3* | |

^{*} Restated to new calculation method. See glossary of terms.

In South Africa, challenging trading conditions continued to put pressure on the division's revenue and profitability due to soft volumes particularly in the manufacturing, commodities, fuel and chemicals sectors. This was partially offset by new contract gains and pleasing performances from Resolve, Imperial Managed Solutions and Imperial Health Sciences. While revenue was up 7%, operating profit declined 4%.

The industrial logistics businesses servicing the manufacturing, commodities, chemicals, fuel and construction industries continued to experience declining volumes, which depressed revenue growth and operating profits.

The consumer logistics businesses recorded revenue growth but operating profit was depressed. This was due mainly to a new systems implementation, a competitive environment and the underperformance of the Cold Logistics business resulting from under-utilisation of its facilities as customers experienced lower demand.

Despite the challenging market conditions in South Africa, the business will continue to invest in people, capabilities and assets that will help deliver the required returns for the group's shareholders. With a more asset-light strategy and a renewed focus on customers' needs and relationship development, the business will add further impetus to its drive to develop customised solutions to better service clients and improve their efficiencies.

The division's operations in the Rest of Africa continued to perform strongly, with revenue and operating profit growing by 19% and 23% respectively, despite challenging trading conditions that worsened in the second half of the year. Operating profit at R780 million exceeded that of the South African logistics business for the first time. This performance was supported by volume growth, the contribution of our businesses in the pharmaceuticals sector, and the inclusion of Imres for the full 12 months. The sub-division continues to expand in sub-Saharan Africa by leveraging its asset-light managed logistics capabilities and extending its focus from traditional road transport to include cross-border and international logistics services and warehousing operations. Expansion into new markets and partnerships with new principals during 2016 continued to deliver favourable results. The strategy to be a significant provider of consumer goods and pharmaceutical products routes-to-market in Southern, East and West Africa is on track with acquisitions performing in line with or ahead of expectations.

Net capital expenditure of R880 million was incurred (2015: R1,0 billion) in the Logistics Africa division, mainly attributable to the transport fleet and property investments.

Logistics International

| | HY1 2016 | % change on HY1 2015 | HY2 2016 | % change on HY2 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | % change on 2015 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Revenue (Rm) Operating profit (Rm) Operating margin (%) | 10 306 397 3,9 | 7 3 | 10 487 616 5,9 | 11 8 | 20 793 1 013 4,9 | 19 071 958 5,0 | 9 |
| Return on Invested Capital (%) Weighted average cost of capital (%) | | | | | 9,8 6,7 | 10,7* 6,4* | |
| Revenue (Euro million) Operating profit (Euro million) Operating margin (%) | 688 27 3,9 | 2 - | 610 36 5,9 | (15) (16) | 1 298 63 4,9 | 1 391 70 5,0 | (7) (10) |

^{*} Restated to new calculation method. See glossary of terms.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Logistics International (continued)

On the 1st July 2015 the business was restructured into two divisions focussing its service offerings: Imperial Transport Solutions and Imperial Supply Chain Solutions. This has improved visibility and clarity for its client base, and together with a centralised sales capability, has already resulted in contract gains, with opportunities for simplification and cost reduction being exploited.

Logistics International's revenue and operating profit in Euros declined 7% and 10% respectively, due mainly to strategic disposals (largely Neska and Rijnaarde). However, adjusted for disposals and acquisitions, the division's Euro revenues and operating profit both increased by 4%. Other factors impacting the results were slow economic growth which suppressed volumes, increased labour costs in certain of the automotive sites we serve and an unusually long period of low water levels on European waterways in the first half. This was offset by contract gains and a growing contribution from the South American inland shipping business. The weakening of the Rand against the Euro assisted the Rand-denominated results.

Net capital expenditure of R1,0 billion (2015: R1,2 billion) was incurred on additional capacity for the chemical manufacturing business and two additional convoys commissioned during the year to meet the growing demand for inland waterway transport on the Rio Parana in South America. This business now utilises five push boats with 60 barges, some redeployed from Europe, with two additional push boats with 24 barges expected to be commissioned later this year. The success of this business is evidence of the division's ability to transfer core capabilities to new markets.

Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships

| | HY1 2016 | % change on HY1 2015 | HY2 2016 | % change on HY2 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | % change on 2015 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Revenue (Rm) Operating profit (Rm) Operating margin (%) | 14 590 532 3,6 | 2 15 | 13 883 617 4,4 | 6 24 | 28 473 1 149 4,0 | 27 437 960 3,5 | 4 20 |
| Return on Invested Capital (%) Weighted average cost of capital (%) | | | | | 7,2 10,0 | 6,4* 9,1* | |

^{*} Restated to new calculation method. See glossary of terms.

Notwithstanding extremely challenging trading conditions and lower vehicle sales volumes during the year, revenue and operating profit increased by 4% and 20% respectively, resulting in an improved operating margin of 4,0%.

The improved performance was seen in all three of our major exclusive imported brands (Hyundai, Kia and Renault). This was attributable to an expeditious trade off of volume and margin, with the latter enhanced by assistance from OEM's, price increases and prudent currency hedging strategies.

Although the Rand was weaker against the Euro and more so against the US Dollar, the division achieved increased profitability on Euro-based products in the first half. Forward cover on the US Dollar and Euro imports currently extends to April 2017.

In South Africa, the division retailed 81 930 (2015: 89 925) new and 38 418 (2015: 36 614) pre-owned vehicles during the year. The division's South African new vehicle registrations as reported to NAAMSA were 9% lower than the previous year.

Annuity revenue streams generated from after-sales parts and service contributed positively with revenue up 4%. The growing vehicle parc of the imported brands (over 1 million) is delivering good levels of after-market activity for the dealerships.

The newly established African operations contributed positively.

The Australian operations returned a strong performance off a low base, driven by increased unit sales due to the introduction of new brands and the establishment of the multi-franchise model.

Net capital expenditure amounted to R1,3 billion (2015: R1,2 billion) as a result of additional vehicles leased to car rental companies and increased investment in IT infrastructure.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts

| | | % change | | % change | | | |
|--|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| | HY1 | on HY1 | HY2 | on HY2 | | | % change |
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | on 2015 |
| Revenue (Rm) | 20 790 | 11 | 20 255 | 8 | 41 045 | 37 547 | 9 |
| Operating profit (Rm) | 801 | - | 876 | 8 | 1 677 | 1 677 | _ |
| Operating margin (%) | 3,9 | | 4,3 | - | 4,1 | 4,5 | |
| Return on Invested Capital (%) Weighted average cost of capital (%) | | | | | 14,7 11,0 | 15,2* 9,6* | |

^{*} Restated to new calculation method. See glossary of terms.

The division delivered a pleasing result with 9% revenue growth, while maintaining operating profit in challenging trading conditions.

In South Africa, the passenger and commercial vehicle divisions retailed 26 624 (2015: 30 641) new and 32 356 (2015: 31 484) pre-owned vehicles during the year. The division's pre-owned to new vehicle ratio continues to increase, consistent with the tightening economy and in line with the broader market.

South Africa's passenger, medium commercial, heavy commercial and extra heavy vehicle markets experienced a reduction in new retail unit sales in line with the market. As a result, both revenue and operating profit in this business declined, exacerbated by the sale of two commercial dealerships to Lereko Motors, an associate BEE company. After sales parts and services increased operating profit by 4% from both price and volume increases as a result of the strong new vehicle sales in the past three years.

The United Kingdom commercial vehicle market continued to grow strongly with the truck market up 11% and the light commercial vehicle market up 3%. Results were supported by this market growth, the inclusion of S&B Commercials for 12 months and the recent acquisition of Humberside Tail Lifts which is included for 8 months. A weaker Rand enhanced the growth in Rands.

During the year car rental, Auto Pedigree (pre-owned vehicle dealerships) and panel shops were placed under a single management team to facilitate integration throughout the car rental, accident repair and resale value chain. Car rental increased its revenue and market share, supported by contract gains, despite a challenging and competitive operating environment. Operating profit was adversely impacted by higher accident costs and lower profit on disposal of the fleet compared to the prior year. Pre-owned unit sales grew by 4% despite higher interest rates and fragile consumer sentiment. Panel shops profitability was positively impacted by the disposal of two loss-making outlets and higher car rental repair volumes.

The Aftermarket Parts business performed to expectation through improved revenue and flat operating profit. The Leisure business' performance was hampered by a fire in the factory early in the financial year, although adequately insured.

Net capital expenditure of R779 million was incurred (2015: R844 million) largely on vehicles for hire and property development.

Financial Services

| | HY1 2016 | % change on HY1 2015 | HY2 2016 | % change on HY2 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | % change 2015 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Motor Related Financial Services Revenue (Rm) Operating profit (Rm) Operating margin (%) | 801 336 42,0 | 22 9 | 833 333 40,0 | 8 (5) | 1 634 669 40,9 | 1 429 620 43,4 | 14 8 |
| Insurance (discontinued operations) Revenue(Rm) Operating profit (Rm) | 1 565 274 | 6 52 | 1 546 255 | 3 (30) | 3 111 529 | 3 034 564 | 3 (6) |
| Adjusted investment income (Rm) Adjusted underwriting result (Rm) Reversal of depreciation from being held | 120 244 | 38 47 | 71 258 | (41) (18) | 191 502 | 208 479 | (8) 5 |
| for sale (Rm) Intergroup eliminations (Rm) | (90) | 23 | 44 (118) | 110 | 44 (208) | (123) | 100 41 |
| Operating margin (%) Underwriting margin (%) | 17,5 15,6 | | 16,5 | | 17,0 16,1 | 18,6 15,8 | |

IMPERIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED PRELIMINARY SUMMARISED AUDITED RESULTS

for the year ended 30 June 2016

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Despite lower vehicle sales, the Motor Related Financial Services business grew revenue and operating profit by 14% and 8% respectively. Innovative new products and channels have improved retention and penetration rates. During the year, funds and policies held under service, maintenance, roadside assistance and warranty plans were maintained. The book growth and returns from the alliances with financial institutions was tempered due to increased impairment provisions and challenging economic conditions.

Regent is currently held for sale, subject to regulatory approvals. During the year Regent's underwriting result increased by 5% due mainly to the group administration fees no longer being charged from the date of Regent's reclassification as a discontinued operation. Investment income decreased by 8% due to a decline in equity markets.

On consolidation, the intergroup eliminations have increased due to the reversal of a higher profit participation in the cell captives by the group and, as no administration fees were charged, there is no requirement to reverse administration fees in the current year.

The underwriting performance in Regent's short term business continued to benefit from more effective risk management resulting in improved loss ratios in the heavy commercial vehicle business. New business penetration of motor related value added products remained under pressure due to declining vehicle sales. Regent Life grew new business volumes. Regional business beyond South Africa remained a meaningful contributor to the division.

We continue to focus on growing the leasing business via Imperial Fleet Management and Ariva (Private leasing alliance) and building synergies within the retail motor divisions to leverage scale for our customers.

Net capital expenditure of R228 million was incurred in the Motor Related Financial Services division (2015: R649 million), due mainly to vehicles for hire.

DISPOSALS

Our strategy to dispose of non-core, strategically misaligned, underperforming or low return on effort assets gained momentum during the financial year. The disposals described below, some still subject to regulatory approval, will generate proceeds of approximately R5,2 billion, which will reduce debt until redeployed in accordance with our strategic and investment criteria. R2,4 billion has been received to date.

Regent

On 29th September 2015 we announced the disposal of Imperial's 100% interest in the Regent Group. Imperial accepted an offer from the Hollard Insurance Group and Yellowwoods Group (the umbrella holding company of Hollard), to acquire the Regent Group, Regent Botswana and Regent Lesotho for a purchase consideration of R2,2 billion.

The transaction has been approved by the Botswana competitions authorities. Conclusion of the transaction is now subject to regulatory approval from the South African and Lesotho authorities.

Neska

The disposal of the 65% interest in Neska to Häfen und Güterverkehr Köln ('HGK'), the Port Authority in Cologne, Germany, for a total consideration of EUR 75 million (R1,3 billion) including loan repayments, was finalised on 11th December 2015.

Neska, a leading player in inland port operations in Europe, was facing growing competition and disintermediation from landlords (port owners). As a result, Neska's growth prospects under Imperial's ownership were limited.

Goscor group

The disposal of the Group's 67,5% share of the Goscor group to management for a total consideration of R1,03 billion including loan repayments was finalised on 5th February 2016.

Goscor, a former subsidiary of our Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealership division, is an importer and distributor of industrial equipment, which we regard as non-core to Imperial's logistics and vehicles businesses.

Other

During the year, the Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts division disposed of two panel shop outlets and two commercial dealerships were sold to Lereko Motors, an associate BEE company. The division also sold 6 dealerships: Honda Zambezi, Lindsay Saker Hyde Park, Rivonia and Krugersdorp, Mitsubishi Bryanston and Mitsubishi/Hyundai in Kimberley.

Imperial Logistics International sold its 75% stake in ALS, a small shipping company, to the minority founder manager shareholders for EUR6 million (R84 million). The transaction was finalised on 27th January 2016.

In May 2016, the disposal of Imperial's minority stake in MixTelematics for R470 million was announced by MixTelematics, the proceeds from which are due to be received by 30th August 2016.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Properties

Over the next twelve to eighteen months the Group intends disposing of mainly non-strategic properties (sale or sale and leaseback) in a number of unrelated transactions in various jurisdictions amounting to R2,6 billion.

ACQUISITIONS

During the 2016 financial year, various acquisitions were made, the most notable of which are listed below.

ΔMH

Imperial acquired the 10% minority in the AMH Group for R750 million, which was settled through an issue of Imperial shares and cash.

Midas

Imperial acquired a further 14% in Midas in its Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts division during the year for R112,5 million.

Other acquisitions

- > 100% of Teamcar, Maxifren, Fairdeal by Midas in South Africa
- > 100% of Axnosis by Resolve in South Africa
- > 70% of Imperilog Botswana
- > 100% of Van den Anker by Logistics International (Netherlands)
- > 100% of Humberside Tail Lifts by Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts division (UK Commercial vehicles)
- > A further 10% of Imres was acquired by Logistics Africa (now 80% owned)

POST YEAR END ACQUISITIONS

Palletways

Imperial Mobility International B.V., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Imperial, acquired 95% of Palletways Group Limited, a leading European operator in the express small consignment palletised freight market, for R3,0 billion (£155,1 million) which was settled through existing unutilised foreign credit facilities. The loan portion is hedged in Pound Sterling. The transaction became effective on 5th July 2016.

Sasfin Premier Logistics

Logistics Africa acquired a 70% stake in Sasfin Premier Logistics. The deal was finalised on 6th July 2016.

Remaining 10% in Midas

A further 10% was acquired in Midas post year end. The group now owns 100% of Midas.

POST YEAR END DISPOSALS

Disposal of small entities in AMH

The Group disposed of 51% (control) in 10 entities in the AMH Group to a related party for R75 million, subject to regulatory approval. The balance of the shares in these entities will be sold in the next calendar year.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

GROUP FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS (EXTRACTS)

| R million | Total 2016 | Continuing 2016 | Discontinued 2016 | Total 2015 | Continuing 2015 | Discontinued 2015 | Total % Change | Continuing % Change |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Revenue Operating profit Operating margin (%) | 118 849 6 422 5,4 | 115 738 5 893 5,1 | 3 111 529 17,0 | 110 487 6 235 5,6 | 107 453 5 671 5,3 | 3 034 564 18,6 | 8 3 | 8 4 |
| Net finance costs Income from associates | (1 440) 133 | (1 440) 133 | | (1 194) 32 | (1 194) 33 | (1) | 21 316 | 21 |
| Profit before tax Tax | 4 437 (1 229) | 3 924 (1 049) | 513 (180) | 4 599 (1 213) | 4 044 (1 035) | 555 (178) | (4) 1 | (3) |
| Net profit after tax Attributable to non-controlling interests | 3 208 (159) | 2 875 | 333 (31) | 3 386 | 3 009 | 377 (58) | (5) (52) | (5) |
| Attributable to shareholders of Imperial | 3 049 | 2 747 | 302 | 3 054 | 2 735 | 319 | - | - |
| Return on Invested Capital (%) Weighted average cost of capital (%) | 12,4 10,2 | | | 13,1* 9,0* | | | | |

^{*} Restated to new calculation method. See glossary of terms.

Total revenue increased by 8% to R118,8 billion (6% up excluding acquisitions) and for continuing operations (excluding Regent) by 8% to R115,7 billion.

Total operating profit increased 3% to R6,4 billion (1% up excluding acquisitions) and for continuing operations (excluding Regent) up by 4% to R5,9 billion. The increase in operating profit was due mainly to solid performances from the Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships division and the Logistics Rest of Africa sub-division, which was assisted by the inclusion of Imres for a full year. S&B Commercials in the Vehicle Retail, Rental and Aftermarket Parts division was also included for a full year.

Group operating margin, including discontinued operations, was slightly down at 5,4% (2015: 5,6%).

Net finance costs increased by 21% compared to the prior year on the back of increased debt levels and higher interest rates.

Income from associates and joint ventures for continuing operations increased by R100 million on the prior year. This increase is as a result of a loss of R84 million recognised in respect of Ukhamba in the prior year.

The effective tax rate of 27,7% for continuing operations increased from 25,8% in 2015 due mainly to the increase in goodwill impairments which are not tax deductible.

The Group's net profit attributable to non-controlling shareholders for continuing operations reduced by R146 million due to their share of impairment of intangibles, reduced minority participation in Associated Motor Holdings and the sale of businesses in which the minorities participated.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Reconciliation from Earnings to Headline and Core Earnings:

| R million | 2016 | 2015 | % change |
|---|-------|-------|----------|
| Net profit attributable to Imperial shareholders (earnings) | 3 049 | 3 054 | _ |
| Profit on disposal of assets | (98) | (85) | |
| Impairments of goodwill and other assets | 526 | 95 | |
| Profit on sale of businesses | (520) | (17) | |
| Impairment losses on assets of disposal group | 90 | | |
| Other | 2 | 84 | |
| Tax and non-controlling interests | (3) | 4 | |
| Headline earnings | 3 046 | 3 135 | (3) |
| Amortisation of intangibles | 437 | 415 | |
| Foreign exchange gain on intergroup monetary items | (92) | (104) | |
| Re-measurement of contingent consideration, put option liabilities and business | | | |
| acquisition costs | 117 | 69 | |
| Tax and non-controlling interests | (139) | (128) | |
| Core earnings | 3 369 | 3 387 | - |

Earnings, Headline Earnings and Core Earnings per Share

| Cents | Group Total 2016 | Continuing 2016 | Group Total 2015 | Continuing 2015 | Total % Change | Continuing % Change |
|----------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Basic EPS | 1 581 | 1 425 | 1 582 | 1 416 | - | 1 |
| Basic HEPS | 1 579 | 1 423 | 1 624 | 1 458 | (3) | (2) |
| Basic Core EPS | 1 747 | 1 589 | 1 754 | 1 586 | - | - |

Financial position

| R million | 2016 | 2015 | % change |
|---|----------|-----------|----------|
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 7 501 | 7 193 | 4 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 465 | 10 967 | 5 |
| Investment in associates and joint ventures | 986 | 1 351 | (27) |
| Transport fleet | 5 953 | 5 610 | 6 |
| Vehicles for hire | 3 469 | 3 603 | (4) |
| Investments and loans | 291 | 357 | (18) |
| Net working capital | 9 936 | 9 267* | 7 |
| Other assets | 1 867 | 1 428 | 31 |
| Assets classified as held for sale | 6 552 | 4 618 | 42 |
| Net debt | (16 079) | (13 886)* | 16 |
| Non-redeemable non-participating preference shares | (441) | (441) | _ |
| Other liabilities | (8 584) | (8 121) | 6 |
| Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale | (3 114) | (2 713) | 15 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 19 802 | 19 233 | 3 |
| Total assets | 69 830 | 65 712 | 6 |
| Total liabilities | (50 028) | (46 479) | 8 |

^{*} Restated to reclassify interest-bearing supplier liabilities as accounts payable of R607 million.

Goodwill and intangible assets rose by 4% to R7,5 billion as a result of Rand weakness and small acquisitions.

Property plant and equipment increased by R498 million to R11,5 billion due mainly to investments in properties during the year.

Investment in associates and joint ventures decreased by R365 million, as a result of the reclassification of MixTelematics to "assets classified as held for sale".

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Financial position (continued)

The transport fleet increased by 6% or R343 million due mainly to the net investment in trucks and barges of R727 million, currency adjustments of R509 million resulting from a weaker Rand, reduced by depreciation of R778 million.

Vehicles for hire reduced by R134 million impacted by the sale of Goscor and Bobcat's rental assets of R696 million and a reduction in fleet units, offset partly by price increases in vehicles for hire.

Net working capital increased by only 7% despite a higher increase in the Rand cost of imported vehicles.

Assets held for sale includes Regent and other businesses identified during 2016 as being available for sale.

Total assets increased by 6% to R69,8 billion due mainly to acquisitions, capital expenditure and currency adjustments.

Net debt to equity (including preference shares as equity and including Regent's cash resources) at 73% improved from 76% at December 2015 but was higher than the 66% at June 2015. The increase in debt is due to a weaker exchange rate for the translation of the foreign debt into Rand, capital expenditure, working capital requirements and acquisitions. Net debt to equity (including preference shares as debt) is 77% (2015: 70%).

The net debt level is within the target gearing range of 60% to 80%. The net debt to total EBITDA ratio was 1,7 times (2015: 1,5 times). Shareholders' equity was impacted by the following major items:

Movement in shareholders' equity

| R million | 2016 |
|---|---------|
| Net profit attributable to Imperial shareholders | 3 049 |
| Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 159 |
| Increase in the foreign currency translation reserve | 623 |
| Shares issued to acquire 10% of AMH | 648 |
| A reduction in the hedge accounting reserve | (317) |
| Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations | (159) |
| Dividends paid | (1 909) |
| Shares repurchased, acquired to hedge share appreciation rights & deferred bonus plan obligations | (558) |
| Purchase of non-controlling interests: | |
| AMH | (750) |
| Imres (including re-measurement of put option) | 98 |
| Midas | (113) |
| Other | (150) |
| Other movements | (52) |
| Total change | 569 |

Cash flow

| R million | 2016 | 2015 | % change |
|---|---|--|-----------|
| Cash generated by operations before movements in working capital Movements in net working capital (excludes currency movements | 8 952 | 9 049 | (1) |
| & net acquisitions) Interest paid Tax paid | (828) (1 461) (1 910) | 9* (1 180) (1 301) | |
| Cash flows from operating activities before capital expenditure on rental assets Net capital expenditure on rental assets | 4 753 (1 611) | 6 577 (1 531) | (28) 5 |
| Cash flows from operating activities Net proceeds from sale of businesses (net of acquisitions) Net capital expenditure Equities, investments and loans Dividends paid Other | 3 142 760 (2 527) 41 (1 909) (1 164) | 5 046 (938) (2 988) (1 025) (1 724) (273) | (38) |
| Increase in net debt (excludes currency movements & net acquisitions) | (1 657) | (1 902)* | |
| Free cash flow | 2 517 | 4 573 | |

^{*} Restated for the reclassification of interest-bearing accounts payable to accounts payable.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

Cash flow (continued)

Cash generated by operations after working capital movements, interest charge and tax payments was R4,8 billion (2015: R6,6 billion).

Net working capital increased due to higher inventory in the Vehicle Import, Distribution and Dealerships division.

The main contributors to the net R760 million proceeds from sale of businesses (net of acquisitions) were the disposal of Neska, Goscor, ALS, two dealerships and two panel shop outlets.

Inflows from equities, investments and loans amounted to R41 million. The prior year included additional investments in long term deposits and equities.

Dividends amounting to R1,9 billion were paid during the year.

Liquidity

The Group's liquidity position is strong with R9,4 billion in unutilised facilities (excluding asset based finance facilities). Fixed rate debt represents 44% of total debt and 79% is of a long term nature. The Group's international scale credit rating as determined by Moody's was unchanged at Baa3 with a stable outlook.

FINAL DIVIDEND

A final cash dividend of 425 cents per ordinary share (2015: 445 cents per share) has been declared, bringing F 2016 dividends to 795 cents per ordinary share, unchanged from the prior year.

BOARD AND ORGANISATION CHANGES

As announced on 25 August 2015, Mr Suresh Kana, recent past Chief Executive Officer of PwC, was appointed as independent non-executive director of Imperial Holdings Limited from 1st September 2015 and as Chairman of the board from 3rd November 2015.

Mr. Moses Kgosana, a highly regarded member of the accounting profession, who established and later merged his own firm with KPMG where in recent years he served as Chief Executive and Senior Partner, was appointed as an independent non-executive director and chairperson of the Audit Committee from 1st September 2015.

On 3rd November 2015, Mr Roddy Sparks, who has served as a director since August 2006, was appointed Lead Independent Director.

As announced on 3rd June 2016, the following are the major organisation changes and the resulting appointments that affect the executive directorate.

- > Effective 1st July 2016 Imperial's entire logistics interests (i.e. Imperial Logistics South Africa, Imperial Logistics Rest of Africa and Imperial Logistics International) are managed as one division. Mr Marius Swanepoel, an executive director of Imperial, was appointed Chief Executive Officer of the new Logistics division from the same date.
- Effective 1st July 2016 Imperial's entire vehicle interests (i.e. Vehicle Import Distribution and Dealerships; Vehicle Retail Rental and Aftermarket Parts; and Motor related Financial Services) will be managed as one division. From 1st July 2016 until 31st December 2016, Imperial's Group Chief Executive Officer, Mr Mark Lamberti will be Executive Chairman of the division, leading and prioritising the necessary integration initiatives. On 1st January 2017, Mr Osman Arbee, currently Imperial's Group Chief Financial Officer, will be appointed Chief Executive Officer of the newly created Vehicles division.
- Starting from 1st January 2017, Mr Arbee will facilitate an orderly transition which will result in Mr Mohammed Akoojee, currently Chief Executive Officer of Imperial Logistics Rest of Africa, being appointed Imperial Holdings Group Chief Financial Officer on 1st April 2017.

From F 2017, the newly created Logistics and Vehicles divisions will be reported on as single entities with due regard to the disclosures and transparency necessary to facilitate understanding and insight for shareholders.

The Logistics division will report segmentally on three sub-divisions, namely:

- > Logistics South Africa;
- > Logistics Rest of Africa; and
- > Logistics International

The Vehicles division will report segmentally on two sub-divisions, namely:

- > Import, Retail, Car Rental and Aftermarket Parts; and
- > Motor Related Financial Services

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

PROSPECTS

Imperial's performance for the financial year 2016 has been pleasing and reflects sound management of controllable factors under challenging circumstances.

There is no reason to anticipate an improvement in the trading conditions facing Imperial in the short term. We expect volume growth throughout our logistics operations to be subdued, and national new vehicle sales in South Africa to continue to decline in response to declining private consumption expenditure, rising interest rates and tightening credit. In addition, the volatility of the Rand and the currencies in the countries in which we operate, and the Group's hedging policy to cover forward, will affect both our competitiveness and profitability.

These uncontrollable factors make forecasting challenging but the expected sub-divisional segmental performance is as follows:

Loaistics:

- > South Africa: Growth of revenues and operating profit
- Rest of Africa: Growth of revenues and a decline in operating profit
- > International: Growth of revenues and operating profit, substantially from the Palletways acquisition

Vehicles

- > Import, Retail, Car Rental and Aftermarket Parts: Flat revenue and a decline in operating profit.
- > Motor Related Financial Services: Flat revenue and operating profit

Therefore, our current outlook for Imperial Holdings' financial year to June 2017, including the impact of recent disposals, acquisitions and restructuring, indicates single digit revenue growth and a moderate decline in operating profit for continuing operations.

We will continue to execute on our espoused strategies.

MARK J. LAMBERTI – Chief Executive Officer OSMAN S. ARBEE – Chief Financial Officer

The forecast financial information herein has not been reviewed or reported on by Imperial's auditors.

PERFORMANCE AND OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

DECLARATION OF FINAL PREFERENCE AND ORDINARY DIVIDENDS

for the year ended 30 June 2016

PREFERENCE SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that a gross final preference dividend of 425.77911 cents per preference share has been declared by the Board of Imperial, payable to holders of non-redeemable, non-participating preference shares. The dividend will be paid out of reserves.

The preference dividend will be subject to a local dividend tax rate of 15%. The net preference dividend, to those shareholders who are not exempt from paying dividend tax, is therefore 361.91224 cents per share.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that a gross final ordinary dividend in the amount of 425.00000 cents per ordinary share has been declared by the Board of Imperial, payable to holders of ordinary shares. The dividend will be paid out of reserves.

The ordinary dividend will be subject to a local dividend tax rate of 15%. The net ordinary dividend, to those shareholders who are not exempt from paying dividend tax, is therefore 361.25000 cents per share.

The company has determined the following salient dates for the payment of the preference dividend and ordinary dividend:

Last day for preference shares and ordinary shares respectively to trade cum-preference dividend and cum ordinary dividend
Preference and ordinary shares commence trading ex-preference dividend and ex-ordinary dividend respectively
Record date
Payment date

Tuesday, 20 September
Wednesday, 21 September
Friday, 23 September
Monday, 26 September

Share certificates may not be dematerialised/rematerialised between Wednesday, 21 September 2016 and Friday, 23 September 2016, both days inclusive.

On Monday, 26 September 2016, amounts due in respect of the preference dividend and the ordinary dividend will be electronically transferred to the bank accounts of certificated shareholders that utilise this facility. In respect of those who do not, cheques dated 26 September 2016 will be posted on or about that date. Shareholders who have dematerialised their shares will also have their accounts, held at their CSDP or Broker, credited on Monday, 26 September 2016.

On behalf of the board

RA Venter

Group Company Secretary

22 August 2016

IMPERIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED PRELIMINARY SUMMARISED AUDITED RESULTS

for the year ended 30 June 2016

AUDITOR'S REPORT These summarised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 have been audited by Deloitte & Touche, who expressed an unmodified opinion thereon. The auditor also expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements from which these summarised consolidated statements were derived. A copy of the auditor's report on the summarised consolidated financial statements and of the auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements are available for inspection at the company's registered office, together with the financial statement identified in the respective auditor's reports. The auditor's report does not necessarily report on all of the information contained in these financial results. Shareholders are therefore advised that in order to obtain a full understanding of the nature of the auditor's engagement, they should obtain a copy of the auditor's report together with the accompanying financial information from the company's registered office.

> PRESENTING CONTINUING AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The results of the Insurance businesses, which is in the process of being disposed, are presented in the summarised consolidated statement of profit or loss as discontinued operations. The assets and related liabilities of the Insurance business have been reclassified to 'Assets of discontinued operations' and 'Liabilities of discontinued operations' respectively on the summarised consolidated statement of financial position. The assets and related liabilities of the disposal group have been reclassified to 'Assets of other disposal groups' and 'Liabilities of other disposal groups' respectively on the summarised consolidated statement of financial position. These assets include various businesses in the Logistics Africa, Vehicle Import Distribution and Dealership division and the Vehicle Retail Rental and Aftermarket Parts division and a listed associate. The businesses will be recovered through disposal rather than through continuing use.

The following shows the combined result of the continuing and discontinued operations after eliminating inter-group transactions. The results of the businesses to be disposed are included in continuing operations.

| | % Change | TOTAL OPERATIONS 2016 Rm | CONTINUING OPERATIONS 2016 Rm | DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2016 Rm | TOTAL OPERATIONS 2015 Rm | CONTINUING OPERATIONS 2015 Rm | DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2015 Rm |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Revenue Net operating expenses | 8 | 118 849 (109 868) | 115 738 (107 286) | 3 111 (2 582) | 110 487 (101 732) | 107 453 (99 290) | 3 034 (2 442) |
| Profit from operations before depreciation and recoupments Depreciation, amortisation, | | 8 981 | 8 452 | 529 | 8 755 | 8 163 | 592 |
| impairments and recoupments | | (2 559) | (2 559) | | (2 520) | (2 492) | (28) |
| Operating profit Recoupments from sale of | 3 | 6 422 | 5 893 | 529 | 6 235 | 5 671 | 564 |
| properties, net of impairments Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations Impairment of intangible assets | | 28 (437) | 28 (437) | | 29 (415) | 29 (415) | |
| arising on business combinations Other non-operating items | | (151) (118) | (151) (102) | (16) | (88) | (80) | (8) |
| Profit before net finance costs Net finance costs | 21 | 5 744 (1 440) | 5 231 (1 440) | 513 | 5 761 (1 194) | 5 205 (1 194) | 556 |
| Profit before share of result of associates and joint ventures Share of result of associates and | | 4 304 | 3 791 | 513 | 4 567 | 4 011 | 556 |
| joint ventures | | 133 | 133 | | 32 | 33 | (1) |
| Profit before tax Income tax expense | (4) | 4 437 (1 229) | 3 924 (1 049) | 513 (180) | 4 599 (1 213) | 4 044 (1 035) | 555 (178) |
| Net profit for the year | (5) | 3 208 | 2 875 | 333 | 3 386 | 3 009 | 377 |
| Net profit attributable to: Owners of Imperial Non-controlling interests | (52) | 3 049 159 | 2 747 128 | 302 31 | 3 054 332 | 2 735 274 | 319 58 |
| | | 3 208 | 2 875 | 333 | 3 386 | 3 009 | 377 |
| Earnings per share (cents) - Basic - Diluted | (2) | 1 581 1 540 | 1 425 1 388 | 156 152 | 1 582 1 568 | 1 416 1 406 | 166 162 |
| Headline earnings per share (cents) | | | | | | | |
| - Basic - Diluted | (3) (4) | 1 579 1 538 | 1 423 1 386 | 156 152 | 1 624 1 609 | 1 458 1 446 | 166 163 |
| Core earnings per share (cents) - Basic - Diluted | (2) | 1 747 1 702 | 1 589 1 548 | 158 154 | 1 754 1 736 | 1 586 1 571 | 168 165 |

> DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The major classes of assets and liabilities classified at 30 June 2016 as held for sale were as follows:

| | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|--|------------|------------|
| Assets | | |
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 204 | 122 |
| Investment in associates and joint ventures | 40 | 17 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 164 | 146 |
| Income tax assets | 24 | 20 |
| Investments and other financial assets | 3 197 | 3 250 |
| Trade and other receivables | 217 | 218 |
| Cash resources | 1 237 | 845 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | 5 083 | 4 618 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Insurance and investment contracts | 1 384 | 1 361 |
| Income tax liabilities | 214 | 197 |
| Trade, other payables and provisions | 1 140 | 1 155 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | 2 738 | 2 713 |
| Investments and other financial assets consists of: | | |
| Listed investments at fair value (level 1) | 2 481 | 2 288 |
| Fixed and negotiable deposits at fair value (level 2) | 589 | 733 |
| Reinsurance debtors at amortised cost | 127 | 229 |
| Total investments and other financial assets | 3 197 | 3 250 |
| | | |
| The cash flows from discontinued operations were as follows: | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 390 | 391 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (30) | (1 103) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (1) | (31) |

> SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

| | NOTES | % Change | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|--|-------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| CONTINUING OPERATIONS Revenue Net operating expenses | | 8 | 115 738 (107 286) | 107 453 (99 290) |
| Profit from operations before depreciation and recoupments Depreciation, amortisation, impairments and recoupments | | | 8 452 (2 559) | 8 163 (2 492) |
| Operating profit Recoupments from sale of properties, net of impairments Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations Impairment of intangible assets arising on business combinations Other non-operating items | 6 | 4 | 5 893 28 (437) (151) (102) | 5 671 29 (415) |
| Profit before net finance costs Net finance costs | 7 | 21 | 5 231 (1 440) | 5 205 (1 194) |
| Profit before share of result of associates and joint ventures Share of result of associates and joint ventures | | | 3 791 133 | 4 011 33 |
| Profit before tax Income tax expense | | (3) | 3 924 (1 049) | 4 044 (1 035) |
| Profit from continuing operations | | (4) | 2 875 | 3 009 |
| DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS Profit from discontinued operations | | | 333 | 377 |
| Net profit for the year | | (5) | 3 208 | 3 386 |
| Net profit attributable to: Owners of Imperial | | | 3 049 | 3 054 |
| - Continuing operations - Discontinued operations | | | 2 747 302 | 2 735 319 |
| Non-controlling interests | | | 159 | 332 |
| Continuing operationsDiscontinued operations | | | 128 31 | 274 58 |
| Earnings per share (cents) Continuing operations - Basic - Diluted Discontinued operations - Basic - Diluted | | 1 (1) (6) (6) | 1 425 1 388 156 152 | 1 416 1 406 166 162 |
| Total operations - Basic - Diluted | | (2) | 1 581 1 540 | 1 582 1 568 |

> SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | | 1 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| | Rm | Rm |
| Net profit for the year | 3 208 | 3 386 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 147 | (268) |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | 306 | (172) |
| Exchange gains (losses) arising on translation of foreign operations | 607 | (312) |
| Share of associates' and joint ventures movement in foreign currency translation reserve | 16 | 8 |
| Movement in valuation reserve | | (87) |
| Reclassification of loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments | | 43 |
| Movement in hedge accounting reserve | (374) | 175 |
| Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss | 57 | 1 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | (159) | (96) |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations | (228) | (137) |
| Income tax on remeasurement of defined benefit obligations | 69 | 41 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 3 355 | 3 118 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | |
| Owners of Imperial | 3 190 | 2 762 |
| Non-controlling interests | 165 | 356 |
| | 3 355 | 3 118 |

> EARNINGS PER SHARE INFORMATION

| | % Change | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|--|-------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Headline earnings reconciliation Earnings – basic Saving of finance costs by associate on potential sale of Imperial shares | | 3 049 | 3 054 44 |
| Earnings – diluted Recoupment for disposal of property, plant and equipment (IAS 16) Recoupment for disposal of intangible assets (IAS 38) | | 3 049 (97) (1) | 3 098 (85) |
| Impairment of property, plant and equipment (IAS 36) Impairment of intangible assets (IAS 36) Impairment of goodwill (IAS 36) Impairment (profit on disposal) of investments in associates and joint ventures (IAS 28) | | 12 167 258 89 | 28 67 (2) |
| Profit on disposal of subsidiaries and businesses (IFRS 10) Impairment losses on assets of disposal groups Reclassification of loss on disposal of available-for-sale investment (IAS 39) | | (520) 90 | (15) |
| Remeasurements included in share of result of associates and joint ventures Tax effects of remeasurements Non-controlling interests share of remeasurements | | 2 60 (63) | 41 13 (9) |
| Headline earnings – diluted Saving of finance costs by associate on potential sale of Imperial shares | | 3 046 | 3 179 (44) |
| Headline earnings – basic | (3) | 3 046 | 3 135 |
| Headline earnings per share (cents) Continuing operations | | | |
| – Basic – Diluted Discontinued operations | (2) (4) | 1 423 1 386 | 1 458 1 446 |
| – Basic – Diluted Total operations | (6) (7) | 156 152 | 166 163 |
| - Basic - Diluted | (3) (4) | 1 579 1 538 | 1 624 1 609 |
| Core earnings reconciliation Headline earnings – basic Saving of finance costs by associate on potential sale of Imperial shares | (3) | 3 046 | 3 135 44 |
| Headline earnings – diluted Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations Foreign exchange gain on inter-group monetary item | (4) | 3 046 437 (92) | 3 179 415 (104) |
| Business acquisition costs Remeasurement of contingent consideration and put option liabilities Change in economic assumptions on insurance funds Tax effects of core earnings adjustments | | 63 50 4 (98) | 16 47 6 (85) |
| Non-controlling interests share of core earnings adjustments | | (41) | (43) |
| Core earnings – diluted Saving of finance costs by associate on potential sale of Imperial shares | (2) | 3 369 | 3 431 (44) |
| Core earnings – basic | (1) | 3 369 | 3 387 |

> EARNINGS PER SHARE INFORMATION (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2016

| % Change | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| | 1 589 | 1 586 |
| (1) | 1 548 | 1 571 |
| | | |
| (6) | 158 | 168 |
| (7) | 154 | 165 |
| | | |
| | 1 747 | 1 754 |
| (2) | 1 702 | 1 736 |
| | | |
| 6 | 10 287 | 9 696 |
| Ü | | 795 |
| | | ,,,, |
| | 208.1 | 202,8 |
| | | 194,6 |
| | | 193,1 |
| | | 197,6 |
| | 170,0 | .,,, |
| | 7.5 | 8,3 |
| | (1) (6) (7) | Change Rm 1 589 (1) 1 548 (6) 158 (7) 154 1 747 (2) 1 702 |

> SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at 30 June 2016

| | | 2016 | 2015* | 2014* |
|--|------|--------------|---------|---------|
| | NOTE | Rm | Rm | Rm |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 8 | 7 501 | 7 193 | 6 766 |
| Investment in associates and joint ventures | | 986 | 1 351 | 1 418 |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 11 465 | 10 967 | 10 469 |
| Transport fleet | | 5 953 | 5 610 | 5 322 |
| Deferred tax assets | | 1 376 | 1 097 | 1 101 |
| Investments and loans | | 291 | 357 | 2 468 |
| Other financial assets | | 8 | 36 | 267 |
| Vehicles for hire | | 3 469 | 3 603 | 2 945 |
| Inventories | | 16 717 | 15 465 | 13 132 |
| Tax in advance | | 483 | 295 | 148 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 12 712 | 12 849 | 11 882 |
| Cash resources | | 2 317 | 2 271 | 3 103 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | | 5 083 | 4 618 | |
| Assets of disposal group** | | 1 469 | | |
| Total assets | | 69 830 | 65 712 | 59 021 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | |
| Share capital and share premium | | 1 030 | 382 | 382 |
| Shares repurchased | | (1 226) | (668) | (220) |
| Other reserves | | 1 003 | 1 089 | 1 149 |
| Retained earnings | | 19 418 | 18 065 | 16 229 |
| Attributable to owners of Imperial | | 20 225 | 18 868 | 17 540 |
| Put arrangement over non-controlling interests | | (1 307) | (1 473) | (1 000) |
| Non-controlling interests | | 884 | 1 838 | 1 569 |
| Total equity | | 19 802 | 19 233 | 18 109 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Non-redeemable, non-participating preference shares | | 441 | 441 | 441 |
| Retirement benefit obligations | | 1 531 | 1 157 | 1 083 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings | | 18 396 | 16 157 | 14 340 |
| Maintenance and warranty contracts | | 3 156 | 3 191 | 4 310 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | 881 | 1 193 | 1 355 |
| Other financial liabilities | | 2 335 | 2 019 | 1 711 |
| Trade, other payables and provisions | | 19 493 | 19 047 | 17 185 |
| Current tax liabilities | | 681 | 561 | 487 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations Liabilities of disposal group** | | 2 738 376 | 2 713 | |
| Total liabilities | | 50 028 | 46 479 | 40 912 |
| | | | | |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 69 830 | 65 712 | 59 021 |

^{*} Restated for the application of the change in accounting policy (see note 2.1).
** Assets and liabilities relating to other disposal groups. The results of the other disposal groups are included in the results of continuing operations.

> SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | NOTE | % Change | 2016 Rm | 2015* Rm |
|--|------|-------------|---|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated by operations before movements in net working capital Movements in net working capital | | | 8 952 (828) | 9 049 9 |
| Cash generated by operations before interest and taxes paid Net finance costs paid Tax paid | | (10) | 8 124 (1 461) (1 910) | 9 058 (1 180) (1 301) |
| Cash generated by operations before capital expenditure on rental assets Expansion capital expenditure – rental assets Net replacement capital expenditure – rental assets | | | 4 753 (772) (839) | 6 577 (772) (759) |
| ExpenditureProceeds | | | (3 539) 2 700 | (2 496) 1 737 |
| Cash generated by operations after capital expenditure on rental assets | | (38) | 3 142 | 5 046 |
| Cash flows from investing activities Net disposals (acquisitions) of subsidiaries and businesses Expansion capital expenditure – excluding rental assets Net replacement capital expenditure – excluding rental assets Net movement in associates and joint ventures Net movement in investments, loans and other financial instruments | | | 760 (1 130) (1 397) 71 (30) | (938) (1 743) (1 245) 178 (1 203) (4 951) |
| Cash flows from financing activities Hedge cost premium paid Ordinary shares repurchased Dividends paid Change in non-controlling interests Capital raised from non-controlling interests Net increase in other interest-bearing borrowings | | | (193) (558) (1 909) (439) 26 2 193 | (128) (56) (1 724) (90) 1 831 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Effects of exchange rate changes on cash resources in foreign currencies Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | | (880) 536 145 38 | (1 166) (1 071) 7 1 102 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 9 | | 719 | 38 |

^{*} Restated for the application of the change in accounting policy (see note 2.1).

[#] The 4 559 221 ordinary shares issued to acquire the remaining interest in Associated Motor Holdings (Pty) Limited and Boundlesstrade 154 (Pty) Limited was treated as non-cash flow.

> SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| At 30 June 2014 Total comprehensive income for the year | SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM Rm | SHARES RE- PURCHASED Rm | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Net attributable profit for the year Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Movement in statutory reserves Share-based cost charged to profit or loss Share-based equity reserve transferred to retained earnings on vesting Share-based equity reserve hedge cost refund Ordinary dividend paid Repurchase of 320 000 ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of R172,68 per share plus transaction cost Cancellation of 5 864 944 ordinary shares held by Lereko Mobility Reallocation of prior year surplus on shares cancelled Initial recognition of put option written over non-controlling interest Share of changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures Realisation on disposal of subsidiaries Non-controlling interests acquired, net of disposals and shares issued Net decrease in non-controlling interests through buy-outs | | (56) 665 (1 057) | |
| At 30 June 2015 Total comprehensive income for the year | 382 | (668) | |
| Net attributable profit for the year Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Movement in statutory reserves Share-based cost charged to profit or loss Share-based equity reserve transferred to retained earnings on vesting Share-based equity reserve hedge cost Ordinary dividend paid Repurchase of 3 387 507 shares from the open market at an average price of R164.78 per share, plus transaction cost Share of changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures Realisation on disposal of subsidiaries Non-controlling interests disposed, net of acquisitions and shares issued Net decrease in non-controlling interests through buy-outs* Non-controlling interest share of dividends | 648 | (558) | |
| At 30 June 2016 | 1 030 | (1 226) | |

^{*} Includes the issue of 4 559 221 ordinary shares at an average market price of R142 per share to the non-controlling shareholder of Associated Motor Holdings (Pty) Limited and Boundlesstrade 154 (Pty) Limited as consideration for its 10% shareholding.

| OTHER RESERVES Rm | RETAINED EARNINGS Rm | ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF IMPERIAL Rm | PUT ARRANGEMENT OVER NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS Rm | NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS Rm | TOTAL EQUITY Rm |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 149 (199) | 16 229 2 961 | 17 540 2 762 | (1 000) | 1 569 356 | 18 109 3 118 |
| (199) | 3 054 (93) | 3 054 (292) | | 332 24 | 3 386 (268) |
| 39 126 7 7 | (39) (7) (1 471) | 126 7 (1 471) | | 4 (3) | 130 4 (1 471) |
| | (665) 1 057 | (56) | | | (56) |
| (5) 12 | | (5) 12 | (473) | 208 | (473) (5) 12 208 |
| (47) | | (47) | | (43) (253) | (90) (253) |
| 1 089 300 | 18 065 2 890 | 18 868 3 190 | (1 473) | 1 838 165 | 19 233 3 355 |
| 300 | 3 049 (159) | 3 049 141 | | 159 6 | 3 208 147 |
| 20 144 (55) (183) | (20) 55 (1 572) | 144 (183) (1 572) | | 4 | 148 (183) (1 572) |
| (5) 59 (366) | | (558) (5) 59 282 | 166 | (71) (715) (337) | (558) (5) 59 (71) (267) (337) |
| 1 003 | 19 418 | 20 225 | (1 307) | 884 | 19 802 |

> NOTES TO THE SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The summarised consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the framework concepts and the recognition and measurement criteria of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and its Interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) in issue and effective for the Group at 30 June 2016 and the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and financial reporting pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council. The preliminary results are presented in accordance with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting and comply with the Listings Requirements of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange Limited and the Companies Act of South Africa, 2008. These summarised consolidated financial statements are an extract of the full audited consolidated annual financial statements.

These summarised consolidated financial statements and the full audited consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared under the supervision of R Mumford, CA (SA) and were approved by the board of directors on 22 August 2016.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted and methods of computation used in the preparation of the summarised consolidated financial statements are in accordance with IFRS and are consistent with those of the audited consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015, except for the change detailed below.

2.1 Change in accounting policy

Floorplans

During the year the Group reclassified its interest-bearing trade payables, due to vehicle suppliers, from interest-bearing borrowings to trade and other payables. As the interest-bearing amounts are a short-term credit line received from vehicle suppliers to acquire vehicles as inventory it is considered more appropriate to show them as trade payables.

The impact of the change in policy on the comparative amounts was as follows:

| STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION | lote | 2014 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| Decrease in interest-bearing borrowings Increase in trade, other payables and provisions | | (204) 204 | (607) 607 |
| Total liabilities | | | |
| Statement of cash flows | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities Increase in cash generated by operations before movements in working capital Decrease in movements in net working capital | | | 59 |
| Increase in cash generated by operations before interest and taxes paid | | | 59 |
| Cash from operating activities | | | 59 |
| Cash flows from financing activities Net increase in other interest-bearing borrowings | | | 344 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | | 344 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Increase in cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | | 403 204 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 9 | | 607 |

2.2 Restatement of the segmental information

The 2015 segmental information for the Vehicle retail, rental and after market parts division has been restated as follows:

| | OPERATING | NET WORKING | NET |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | LIABILITIES | CAPITAL | DEBT |
| | Rm | Rm | Rm |
| Previously stated | 5 263 | 2 707 | 3 089 |
| Restated for floorplans | 607 | (607) | (607) |
| As restated | 5 870 | 2 100 | 2 482 |

3. NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

IFRS 16 Leases introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. A lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Depreciation is recognised on the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability. In terms of lessor accounting IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the requirements in IAS 17 Leases and accordingly a lessor continues to account for its leases as operating leases or finance leases. Issued in January 2016 this standard becomes effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

Other standards that will become applicable to the group in future reporting periods includes IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective 1 January 2018) and IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective 1 January 2018). The details of these standards is outlined in the 30 June 2016 audited consolidated annual financial statements.

The group is in the process of assessing the impact of these standards on its consolidated financial statements.

4. NEW HEADLINE EARNINGS CIRCULAR

Circular 2/2015 Headline Earnings which was issued by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountant (SAICA) in October 2015 replaces Circular 2/2013 Headline Earnings. The revisions contained in the new circular relate primarily to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and has had no impact on the way the Group computes headline earnings.

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|----|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 5. | FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES The following major rates of exchange were used in the translation of the Group's foreign operations: SA Rand: Furo | | |
| | - closing - average SA Rand : US Dollar | 16,31 16,10 | 13,55 13,73 |
| | - closing - average | 14,70 14,51 | 12,15 11,44 |
| | | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
| 6. | OTHER NON-OPERATING ITEMS Remeasurement of financial instruments not held-for-trading | (122) | (15) |
| | Foreign exchange (loss) gain on foreign currency monetary items Charge for remeasurement of put option liabilities Gains on remeasurement of contingent consideration liabilities Reclassification of loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments | (72) (64) 14 | 75 (49) 2 (43) |
| | Capital items | 20 | (65) |
| | Impairment of goodwill (Impairment) profit on disposal of investments in associates and joint ventures Profit on disposal of subsidiaries and businesses Impairment losses on assets of disposal group Business acquisition costs | (258) (89) 520 (90) (63) | (66) 2 15 - (16) |
| | | (102) | (80) |

> NOTES TO THE SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016 - Continued

| | | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
|----|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| 7. | NET FINANCE COSTS Net interest paid Fair value gain (loss) on interest-rate swap instruments | (1 462) 22 | (1 180) (14) |
| | | (1 440) | (1 194) |
| 8. | GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS Goodwill | | |
| | Cost Accumulated impairments | 6 286 (862) | 5 944 (926) |
| | | 5 424 | 5 018 |
| | Carrying value at beginning of year Net (disposal) acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses Impairment charge Reclassified to assets held for sale Currency adjustment | 5 018 (130) (258) (28) 822 | 4 737 463 (67) (13) (102) |
| | Carrying value at end of year Intangible assets | 5 424 2 077 | 5 018 2 175 |
| | Goodwill and intangible assets | 7 501 | 7 193 |
| 9. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS# Cash resources Cash resources included in assets of discontinued operations and of disposal groups Short-term loans and overdrafts (Included in interest-bearing borrowings) | 2 317 1 356 (2 954) | 2 271 845 (3 078) |
| | | 719 | 38 |

[#] Restated for the change in accounting policy (see note 2.1).

10. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

10.1 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost

The following table sets out instances where the carrying amount of financial liabilities, as recognised on the statement of financial position, differ from their fair values.

| | CARRYING | |
|--|----------|-------------|
| | VALUE | FAIR VALUE* |
| 30 JUNE 2016 | Rm | Rm |
| Listed corporate bonds (included in interest-bearing borrowings) | 5 348 | 5 278 |
| Listed non-redeemable, non-participating preference shares | 441 | 345 |

^{*} Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of the remainder of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their carrying values.

10.2 Fair value hierarchy

The Group's financial instruments carried at fair value are classified in three categories defined as follows:

Level 1 financial instruments are those that are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments.

Level 2 financial instruments are those valued using techniques based primarily on observable market data. Instruments in this category are valued using quoted prices for similar instruments or identical instruments in markets which are not considered to be active; or valuation techniques where all the inputs that have a significant effect on the valuation are directly or indirectly based on observable market data.

Level 3 financial instruments are those valued using techniques that incorporate information other than observable market data. Instruments in this category have been valued using a valuation technique where at least one input, which could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation, is not based on observable market data.

The following table presents the valuation categories used in determining the fair values of financial instruments carried at fair value. For financial assets of discontinued operations refer to page 19.

| 30 JUNE 2016 | TOTAL Rm | LEVEL 2 Rm | LEVEL 3 Rm |
|--|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Financial assets carried at fair value Interest-rate swap instruments (Included in Other financial assets) Foreign exchange contracts and other derivative instruments | 8 | 8 | |
| (Included in Trade and other receivables) | 44 | 44 | |
| Financial liabilities carried at fair value | | | |
| Put option liabilities (Included in Other financial liabilities) | 1 875 | | 1 875 |
| Contingent consideration liabilities (<i>Included in Other financial liabilities</i>) | 19 | | 19 |
| Swap instruments (Included in Other financial liabilities) | 267 | 267 | |
| Foreign exchange contracts (Included in Trade, other payables and provisions) | 479 | 479 | |

Transfers between hierarchy levels

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. There were no transfers between the fair value hierarchies during the year.

10.3 Movements in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing carrying values of level 3 financial liabilities carried at fair value.

| FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | PUT OPTION LIABILITIES Rm | CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION LIABILITIES Rm | TOTAL Rm |
|--|---------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Carrying value at beginning of year Derecognition direct in equity | 1 640 (166) | 31 | 1 671 (166) |
| Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses Fair valued through profit or loss Settlements | 64 | 21 (14) (23) | 21 50 (23) |
| Currency adjustments | 337 | 4 | 341 |
| Carrying value at the end of the year | 1 875 | 19 | 1 894 |

> NOTES TO THE SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2016 - Continued

Level 3 sensitivity information

The fair values of the level 3 financial liabilities of R1 894 million were estimated by applying an income approach valuation method including a present value discount technique. The fair value measurement is based on significant inputs that are not observable in the market. Key assumptions used in the valuations include the assumed probability of achieving profit targets and the discount rates applied. The assumed profitabilities were based on historical performances but adjusted for expected growth.

The following table shows how the fair value of the level 3 financial liabilities as at 30 June 2016 would change if the significant assumptions were to be replaced by a reasonable possible alternative.

| FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS | VALUATION TECHNIQUE | KEY ASSUMPTION | CARRYING VALUE Rm | INCREASE IN LIABILITIES Rm | LIABILITIES Rm |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Put option liabilities Contingent consideration liabilities | Income approach Income approach | Earnings growth Assumed profits | 1 875 19 | 13 | (129) (4) |
| | | | | 2016 Rm | 2015 Rm |
| 11. CONTINGENCIES AND (Capital commitments Contingent liabilities | COMMITMEN | TS | | 1 309 798 | 2 289 405 |

12. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS DURING THE YEAR

Disposals

The Group disposed of its 65% interest in Neska, a subsidiary of Imperial Logistics International BV.

Acquisitions

For acquisitions during the reporting period please refer to business combinations on page 33.

13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Acquisition of Palletways Group Limited

The Group acquired a 95% interest in Palletways Group Limited in July 2016 for R3,0 billion (£155,1 million). Palletways provides an express delivery solution for small consignments of palletised freight through more than 400 depots and 14 hubs across Europe. As the initial accounting for the business combination was not complete at the time that the financial statements were authorised for issue no further disclosures are made.

Dividend declaration

Shareholders are advised that a preference and an ordinary dividend has been declared by the board of Imperial on 22 August 2016. For more details please refer to the dividend declaration on page 16.

> BUSINESS COMBINATIONS DURING THE YEAR

A number of businesses were acquired during the year to complement existing businesses. These businesses are individually and collectively immaterial in terms of size and value. The fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date were as follows.

| | Individually |
|--|-------------------------|
| R million | immaterial acquisitions |
| Assets | |
| Intangible assets | 113 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 52 |
| Transport fleet | 14 |
| Investments, loans and associates and joint ventures | 46 |
| Inventories | 67 |
| Trade and other receivables | 160 |
| Cash resources | 89 |
| | 541 |
| Liabilities | |
| Net income tax liabilities | 31 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings | 46 |
| Trade, other payables and provisions | 164 |
| | 241 |
| Acquirees' carrying amount at acquisition | 300 |
| Non-controlling interests | (27) |
| Net assets acquired | 273 |
| Purchase consideration transferred | 352 |
| Cash paid | 331 |
| Contingent consideration | 21 |
| Excess of purchase price over net assets acquired | 79 |

Details of contingent consideration

The contingent consideration requires the Group to pay the vendors an additional amount of R21 million over three years if the entities' net profit after tax exceeds certain profit targets.

Acquisition costs

Acquisition costs for business acquisitions concluded during the year amounted to R9 million and have been recognised as an expense in profit or loss in the 'Other non-operating items' line.

Impact of the acquisitions on the results of the group

From the dates of acquisition the businesses acquired during the year contributed revenue of R1 071 million, operating profit of R22 million. Had all the acquisitions been consolidated from 1 July 2015, they would have contributed revenue of R1 588 million, operating profit of R3 million. The Group's continuing revenue for the year would have been R116 255 million, operating profit would have been R5 874 million.

Other details

Trade and other receivables had gross contractual amounts of R167 million of which R7 million was doubtful. Non-controlling interests have been calculated based on their proportionate share in the acquiree's net assets. None of the resulting goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

> SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

| Segment profit or loss – Continuing operations | GRO CONTII OPERA | NUING | LOGISTICS AFRICA | | LOGIS INTERNA | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| R million | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Revenue | 115 738 | 107 453 | 27 119 | 25 347 | 20 793 | 19 071 | |
| - South Africa - Rest of Africa - International | 66 010 13 288 36 440 | 67 101 10 481 29 871 | 15 266 11 853 | 15 372 9 974 1 | 20 793 | 19 071 | |
| Operating profit | 5 893 | 5 671 | 1 530 | 1 587 | 1 013 | 958 | |
| - South Africa - Rest of Africa - International | 3 724 853 1 316 | 3 828 668 1 175 | 750 780 | 952 632 3 | 1 013 | 958 | |
| Depreciation, amortisation, impairments and recoupments | 3 119 | 2 878 | 902 | 924 | 777 | 739 | |
| - South Africa - Rest of Africa - International | 1 924 326 869 | 1 754 305 819 | 604 298 | 636 288 | 777 | 739 | |
| Net finance costs | 1 440 | 1 194 | 533 | 407 | 207 | 180 | |
| - South Africa - Rest of Africa - International | 913 244 283 | 825 135 234 | 314 219 | 281 126 | 207 | 180 | |
| Pre-tax profits* | 3 841 | 4 093 | 777 | 1 037 | 585 | 647 | |
| - South Africa - Rest of Africa - International | 2 663 389 789 | 2 893 404 796 | 424 353 | 661 373 3 | 585 | 647 | |
| Additional segment information – Continuing operations | | | | | | | |
| Analysis of revenue by type | | | | | | | |
| Sale of goodsRendering of services | 70 228 45 510 | 63 966 43 487 | 10 065 16 947 | 8 216 17 008 | 20 793 | 19 070 | |
| Inter-group revenue | 115 738 | 107 453 | 27 012 107 | 25 224 123 | 20 793 | 19 070 1 | |
| | 115 738 | 107 453 | 27 119 | 25 347 | 20 793 | 19 071 | |
| Analysis of depreciation, amortisation, impairment and recoupments | 3 119 | 2 878 | 902 | 924 | 777 | 739 | |
| Depreciation and amortisation Recoupments and impairments Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets arising on business combinations | 2 601 (70) 588 | 2 520 (57) 415 | 717 (35) 220 | 731 (20) 213 | 619 (35) 193 | 575 (16) 180 | |
| Share of result of associates and joint ventures included in pre-tax profits | 133 | 33 | 33 | 34 | 25 | 25 | |

^{*} Defined in the glossary of terms on page 38.

| TOT LOGIS | | DISTRIBUTION AND RENTAL AND FINANCIA | | | FINANCIAL | MOTOR-RELATED INANCIAL SERVICES AND PRODUCTS TOTAL VEHICLES | | | | HEAD-OFFICE AND ELIMINATIONS | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| 47 912 | 44 418 | 28 473 | 27 437 | 41 045 | 37 547 | 1 634 | 1 429 | 71 152 | 66 413 | (3 326) | (3 378) | |
| 15 266 11 853 20 793 | 15 372 9 974 19 072 | 22 975 1 306 4 192 | 23 898 388 3 151 | 29 461 129 11 455 | 29 780 119 7 648 | 1 634 | 1 429 | 54 070 1 435 15 647 | 55 107 507 10 799 | (3 326) | (3 378) | |
| 2 543 | 2 545 | 1 149 | 960 | 1 677 | 1 677 | 669 | 620 | 3 495 | 3 257 | (145) | (131) | |
| 750 780 | 952 632 | 1 033 37 | 885 4 | 1 403 36 | 1 491 32 | 669 | 620 | 3 105 73 | 2 996 36 | (131) | (120) | |
| 1 013 | 961 | 79 | 71 | 238 | 154 | | | 317 | 225 | (14) | (11) | |
| 1 679 | 1 663 | 696 | 546 | 721 | 662 | 150 | 117 | 1 567 | 1 325 | (127) | (110) | |
| 604 298 777 | 636 288 739 | 670 8 18 | 531 3 12 | 626 21 74 | 579 14 69 | 150 | 117 | 1 446 29 92 | 1 227 17 81 | (126) (1) | (109) (1) | |
| 740 | 587 | 495 | 494 | 346 | 313 | (5) | | 836 | 807 | (136) | (200) | |
| 314 219 | 281 126 | 469 17 | 473 3 | 279 8 | 271 6 | (5) | | 743 25 | 744 9 | (144) | (200) | |
| 207 | 180 | 9 | 18 | 59 | 36 | | | 68 | 54 | 8 | | |
| 1 362 | 1 684 | 433 | 458 | 1 317 | 1 388 | 712 | 647 | 2 462 | 2 493 | 17 | (84) | |
| 424 353 585 | 661 373 650 | 357 9 67 | 399 5 54 | 1 123 27 167 | 1 260 26 102 | 712 | 647 | 2 192 36 234 | 2 306 31 156 | (30) | (74) (10) | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 065 37 740 | 8 216 36 078 | 24 750 2 099 | 23 441 2 295 | 35 413 5 035 | 32 308 4 515 | 613 | 594 | 60 163 7 747 | 55 749 7 404 | 23 | 1 5 ——— | |
| 47 805 107 | 44 294 124 | 26 849 1 624 | 25 736 1 701 | 40 448 597 | 36 823 724 | 613 1 021 | 594 835 | 67 910 3 242 | 63 153 3 260 | 23 (3 349) | 6 (3 384) | |
| 47 912 | 44 418 | 28 473 | 27 437 | 41 045 | 37 547 | 1 634 | 1 429 | 71 152 | 66 413 | (3 326) | (3 378) | |
| 1 679 | 1 663 | 696 | 546 | 721 | 662 | 150 | 117 | 1 567 | 1 325 | (127) | (110) | |
| 1 336 (70) | 1 306 (36) | 581 | 553 (7) | 653 (1) | 659 (19) | 144 6 | 117 | 1 378 5 | 1 329 (26) | (113) (5) | (115) 5 | |
| 413 | 393 | 115 | | 69 | 22 | | | 184 | 22 | (9) | | |
| 58 | 59 | (19) | (3) | 46 | 33 | 47 | 27 | 74 | 57 | 1 | (83) | |

> SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

| Segment financial position | GRO | OUP | ll . | STICS RICA | | STICS ATIONAL |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------------|
| R million | 2016 | 2015^ | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 7 501 | 7 193 | 3 526 | 3 110 | 3 004 | 2 863 |
| Property plant and equipment | 11 465 | 10 967 | 2 518 | 2 096 | 2 245 | 2 244 |
| Transport fleet | 5 953 | 5 610 | 2 715 | 3 212 | 3 278 | 2 438 |
| Vehicles for hire | 3 469 | 3 603 | | | | |
| Investment in associates and joint ventures | 687 | 1 199 | 342 | 300 | 167 | 139 |
| Inventories Trade and other receivables | 16 717 | 15 465 12 849 | 1 498 | 1 448 | 314 | 211 |
| Other financial assets | 12 712 8 | 12 849 36 | 4 994 5 | 5 136 8 | 3 618 5 | 3 350 5 |
| Cash resources | 13 | 22 | | 0 | , | 5 |
| Operating assets | 58 525 | 56 944 | 15 598 | 15 310 | 12 631 | 11 250 |
| – South Africa | 32 248 | 34 312 | 9 039 | 9 034 | | |
| – Rest of Africa | 7 329 | 6 557 | 6 559 | 6 275 | | |
| - International | 18 948 | 16 075 | | 1 | 12 631 | 11 250 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Retirement benefit obligations | 1 531 | 1 157 | | | 1 531 | 1 157 |
| Maintenance and warranty contracts | 3 156 | 3 191 | | | | |
| Trade and other payables and provisions | 19 493 | 19 047 | 5 591 | 5 401 | 3 372 | 3 145 |
| Other financial liabilities | 460 | 379 | 119 | 111 | 1 | 2 |
| Operating liabilities | 24 640 | 23 774 | 5 710 | 5 512 | 4 904 | 4 304 |
| – South Africa | 13 949 | 14 794 | 3 609 | 3 682 | | |
| – Rest of Africa | 2 539 | 1 896 | 2 101 | 1 824 | | |
| - International | 8 152 | 7 084 | | 6 | 4 904 | 4 304 |
| Net working capital* | 9 936 | 9 267 | 901 | 1 183 | 560 | 416 |
| – South Africa | 7 345 | 7 253 | 235 | 336 | | |
| – Rest of Africa | 838 | 924 | 666 | 852 | | |
| - International | 1 753 | 1 090 | | (5) | 560 | 416 |
| Net debt* | 16 520 | 14 327 | 5 249 | 4 872 | 3 955 | 4 150 |
| – South Africa | 9 915 | 8 204 | 2 610 | 2 669 | | |
| - Rest of Africa | 2 821 | 2 454 | 2 639 | 2 209 | | |
| - International | 3 784 | 3 669 | | (6) | 3 955 | 4 150 |
| Net capital expenditure | 4 138 | 4 519 | 880 | 1 046 | 1 027 | 1 173 |
| – South Africa | 2 624 | 2 856 | 534 | 711 | | |
| - Rest of Africa | 416 | 369 | 346 | 335 | | |
| - International | 1 098 | 1 294 | | | 1 027 | 1 173 |

Restated as described in note 2.1 and 2.2.
 Defined in the glossary of terms on page 38
 The assets and liabilities of the Insurance business are shown as held-for-sale at 30 June 2016 and at 30 June 2015

| TOT LOGIS | TAL STICS | DISTRII AI | IMPORT, BUTION ND RSHIPS | RENTA AF | RETAIL, AL AND TER T PARTS | MOTOR-I FINAN SERVICE PROD | ICIAL ES AND | AND TOTAL | | | HEAD-OFFICE AND ELIMINATIONS | | ANCE |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015^ | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016~ | 2015~ |
| 6 530 4 763 5 993 | 5 973 4 340 5 650 | 175 3 477 | 505 3 346 | 755 3 236 | 695 3 313 | 10 | (6) 9 | 930 6 723 | 1 194 6 668 | 41 (21) (40) | 26 (41) (40) | | |
| 509 1 812 8 612 10 | 439 1 659 8 486 13 | 1 534 (39) 8 288 1 601 4 | 1 757 (19) 7 659 2 164 26 | 1 723 154 6 361 2 019 27 | 1 669 100 5 822 2 103 | 1 071 55 436 929 85 13 | 988 600 480 469 85 22 | 4 328 170 15 085 4 549 116 13 | 4 414 681 13 961 4 736 111 22 | (859) 8 (180) (449) (118) | (811) 79 (155) (373) (88) | | |
| 28 229 | 26 560 | 15 040 | 15 438 | 14 275 | 13 702 | 2 599 | 2 647 | 31 914 | 31 787 | (1 618) | (1 403) | | |
| 9 039 6 559 12 631 | 9 034 6 275 11 251 | 12 401 652 1 987 | 13 973 201 1 264 | 10 207 118 3 950 | 10 113 81 3 508 | 2 599 | 2 647 | 25 207 770 5 937 | 26 733 282 4 772 | (1 998) 380 | (1 455) 52 | | |
| 1 531 8 963 120 | 1 157 8 546 113 | 102 4 770 67 | 17 5 529 48 | 6 346 42 | 5 825 45 | 3 040 896 10 | 3 083 384 | 3 142 12 012 119 | 3 100 11 738 94 | 14 (1 482) 221 | 91 (1 237) 172 | | |
| 10 614 | 9 816 | 4 939 | 5 594 | 6 388 | 5 870 | 3 946 | 3 468 | 15 273 | 14 932 | (1 247) | (974) | | |
| 3 609 2 101 4 904 | 3 682 1 824 4 310 | 4 160 425 354 | 5 358 62 174 | 3 565 13 2 810 | 3 338 10 2 522 | 3 946 | 3 468 | | 12 164 72 2 696 | (1 331) | . , | | |
| 1 461 | 1 599 | 5 119 | 4 294 | 2 034 | 2 100 | 469 | 565 | 7 622 | 6 959 | 853 | 709 | | |
| 235 666 560 | 336 852 411 | 4 178 147 794 | 3 834 62 398 | 1 701 24 309 | 1 924 11 165 | 469 | 565 | 6 348 171 1 103 | 6 323 73 563 | 762 1 90 | 594 (1) 116 | | |
| 9 204 | 9 022 | 5 822 | 4 661 | 2 000 | 2 482 | (1 668) | (1 738) | 6 154 | 5 405 | 1 162 | (100) | | |
| 2 610 2 639 3 955 | 2 669 2 209 4 144 | 5 244 118 460 | 4 185 194 282 | 1 686 64 250 | 2 199 51 232 | (1 668) | (1 738) | 5 262 182 710 | 4 646 245 514 | 2 043 (881) | 889 (989) | | |
| 1 907 | 2 219 | 1 288 | 1 199 | 779 | 844 | 228 | 649 | 2 295 | 2 692 | (162) | (500) | 98 | 108 |
| 534 346 1 027 | 711 335 1 173 | 1 228 27 33 | 1 182 8 9 | 701 41 37 | 710 23 111 | 228 | 649 | 2 157 68 70 | 2 541 31 120 | (163) 1 | (501) 1 | 96 2 | 105 3 |

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

| Net asset value per share | > equity attributable to owners of Imperial divided by total ordinary shares in issue net of shares repurchased (the deferred ordinary shares only participate to the extent of their par value of 0,04 cents). |
|---|---|
| Net debt (segment report) | > the aggregate of interest-bearing borrowings, non-redeemable, non-participating preference shares less cash resources. |
| Operating margin (%) | > operating profit divided by revenue. |
| Pre-tax profits | calculated as profit before tax, impairment of goodwill, profit or loss on sale of investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and other businesses, and impairment losses on assets of disposal groups. |
| Return on invested capital (%) | > this is the return divided by the invested capital. > the return is calculated by reducing the operating profit by a blended tax rate, which is an average of the actual tax rates applicable in the various jurisdictions in which we operate, increased by the income from associates. > the invested capital is a 12 month average of shareholders equity plus non-controlling interests (ignoring the put option debit) plus preference shares plus net interest bearing debt (long term and short term less long term loans receivable less non financial services cash resources). > this is different to the prior year which has been restated to the new basis. |
| Weighted average cost of capital (WACC) (%) | > calculated by multiplying the cost of each capital component by its proportional weight, therefore: WACC = (after tax cost of debt % multiplied by average debt weighting) + (cost of equity multiplied by average equity weighting). |

IMPERIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED PRELIMINARY SUMMARISED AUDITED RESULTS

| NOTES | |
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IMPERIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED PRELIMINARY SUMMARISED AUDITED RESULTS

| NOTES | |
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- Corporate information -

Directors

SP Kana[#] (Chairman), A Tugendhaft^{##} (Deputy Chairman), MJ Lamberti (Chief Executive), OS Arbee (Chief Financial Officer), MP de Canha, P Cooper[#], G Dempster[#], T Dingaan[#], RM Kgosana[#], P Langeni[#], P Michaux, MV Moosa^{##}, RJA Sparks[#], M Swanepoel, Y Waja[#]

Independent non-executive ## Non-executive

Company Secretary

RA Venter

Group Investor Relations Manager

E Mansingh

Business address and registered office

Imperial Place, Jeppe Quondam, 79 Boeing Road East, Bedfordview, 2007

Share transfer secretaries

Computershare Investor Services (Proprietary) Limited, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg, 2001

Sponsor

Merrill Lynch SA (Pty) Limited, The Place, 1 Sandton Drive, Sandton, 2196

The results announcement is available on the Imperial website: www.imperial.co.za

IMPERIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Registration number: 1946/021048/06 Ordinary share code: IPL ISIN: ZAE000067211 Preference share code: IPLP ISIN: ZAE000088076

IMPERIAL PLACE JEPPE QUONDAM 79 BOEING ROAD EAST BEDFORDVIEW 2007

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